7300EV user manual

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Preface

Preface

To extend the performance of the product and ensure personnel safety, read this manual thoroughly before using the inverter. Should there be any problem in using the product that can not be solved with the information provided in the manual, contact your nearest TECO distributor or sales representative who will be willing to help you.

%Precautions

The inverter is an electrical product. For your safety, there are symbols such as "Danger", "Caution" in this manual as a reminder to pay attention to safety instructions on carrying, installing, operating, and checking the inverter. Be sure to follow the instructions for highest safety.



Danger

Indicates a potential hazard that causes death or serious personal injury if misused



Caution

Indicates that the inverter or the mechanical system might be damaged if misused



Danger

- Do not touch any circuit boards or parts while the charging indicator is still lit after turning the power off.(the light will fade after approximately 5 minutes.)
- Do not connect any wires when the inverter is powered. Do not check parts and signals on circuit boards when the inverter is in operation.
- Do not disassemble the inverter nor modify any internal wires, circuits, or parts.
- Ground the ground terminal of the inverter properly, for 200V class ground to 100 Ω or below, 400v class ground to 10 Ω or below.



Caution

- Do not perform a voltage test on parts inside the inverter. High voltage can destroy these semiconductor parts.
- Do not connect T1 (U), T2 (V), and T3 (W) terminals of the inverter to any AC input power source.
- CMOS ICs on the inverter's main board are sensitive to static electricity. Do not touch the main board.

Product Inspection

TECO's inverters have all passed the function test before delivery. Please check the following when you receive and unpack the inverter:

- The model and capacity of the inverter is the same as those specified on your order.
- Is there any damage caused by transportation. If so, do not apply the power. Contact TECO's sales representatives if any of the above problems happened.

Chapter 1 Safety Precautions

1.1 Operation Precautions

1.1.1 Before Power Up

$\mathbf{\Lambda}$

Caution

The line voltage applied must comply with the inverter's specified input voltage. (See the nameplate)

V

Danger

Make sure the main circuit connections are correct. L1(L), L2, and L3(N) are power-input terminals and must not be confused with T1, T2 and T3. Otherwise, inverter damage can result.

Λ

Caution

- To avoid the front cover from disengaging, or other damge do not carry the inverter by its covers. Support the drive by the heat sink when transpoting. Improper handling can damage the inverter or injure personnel and should be avoided.
- To avoid fire, do not install the inverter on a flammable object. Intall on nonflammable objects such as metal.
- If several inverters are placed in the same control panel, provide heat removal means to maintain the temperature below 50°C to avoid overheat or fire.
- When removing or installing the LCD operator, turn the power off first, and follow the LCD instructions in the diagram to avoid operator error or no display caused by bad connections.

Warning

This product complies with IEC 61800-3, with built-in Filter in an unrestricted distribution and with use of external filter in restricted distribution. Under some environments with electric-magnetic interruption, product should be tested before used.

1.1.2 During Power up

Danger

- •The inverter still has control power immediately after power loss. When the power is resupplied, the inverter operation is controlled by F41.
- The inverter operation is controlled by F04 and C09 and the status of (FWD/REV RUN switch) when power is re-supplied. (F39 /F40) Power loss ride through / Auto reset after fault).
 - 1. When F04=000, the inverter will not auto restart when power is re-supplied.
 - 2. When F04=001 and operation switches (FWD/REV RUN) is OFF, the inverter will not auto restart when power is re-supplied.
 - 3. When F04=001and operation switch ON and C09=000, the inverter will auto restart when power is re-supplied. Please turn OFF the run (start) switch to avoid damage to machine and injury to personnel before the power is re-supplied.
- When C09=000 (direct start on power up), please refer to the description and warning for C09 (Page 4-27) to verify the safety of operator and machine.

1.1.3 Before operation



Caution

Make sure the model and inverter capacity match the F00 setting (Page 4-12).

1.1.4 Leakage current

Warning

Warning! EV series built in Filter type leakage current can exceed the IEC standard limit of 3.5mA. Please ground the inverter as shown in figures 3.5 and 3.6.

Operation with ungrounded supplies:

- 1. Filtered inverters **CANNOT** be used on ungrounded supplies.
- 2. Unfiltered inverters can be used on ungrounded supplies. If any output phase is shorted to ground, the inverter may trip with OC.(over current trip)

Operation with Residual Current Device(RCD):

- 1. A filtered inverter with the trip limit of the RCD is 300mA
- 2. The neutral of the supply is grounded, as is the inverter.
- 3. Only one inverter is supplied from each RCD.

1.1.5 During operation



Danger

Do not connect or disconnect the motor while inverter is operating the motor. The inverter and the disconnect device can sustain damage from high levels of switch-off current transients.



Danger

- To avoid electric shock, do not take the front cover off while power is on.

 The motor will restart automatically after stop when auto-restart function is enabled. In this case, care must be taken while working around the drive and associated equipment.
- •Note: The operation of the stop switch is different than that of the emergency stop switch. The stop switch has to be activated to be effective. Emergency stop has to be de-activated to become effective.



Caution

- Do not touch heat-generating components such as heat sinks and brake resistors.
- The inverter can drive the motor from low speed to high speed. Verify the allowable speed ranges of the motor and the associated machinery.
- Note the settings related to the braking unit.
- Do not check signals on circuit PCB while the inverter is running.



Caution

Allow a minimum of 5 minutes power down before attempting to disassemble or check the components within the drive.

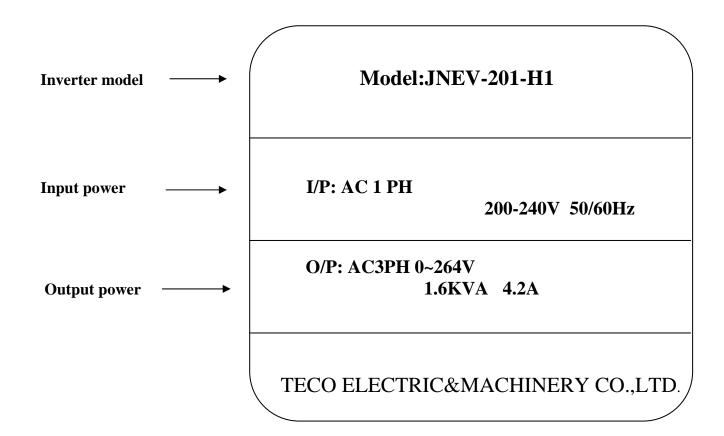
1.1.6 Useable environment



Caution

When the inverter top dust cover has been removed the drive can be installed in a non-condensing environment with temperature ranging between -10° C to $+50^{\circ}$ C and relative humidities of 95% or less, but the environment should be free from water and metal dust.

Chapter 2 Model description



JNEV	- 2	P5	- Н	1	F	N4S
Series:	Input voltage :	Max suitable motor capacity:	SPEC	Power supply	Noise filter	Enclosure
	1: 110V	P2: 0.25 HP	H: standar	d 1:single phase	Blank : none	N4S:IP65 with water
	2: 230V	P5: 0.5 HP		3:three phase	F: built-in	and dust proof switch
	4: 460V	01: 1.0 HP				N4:IP65 without water
		02: 2.0 HP				and dust proof switch
		03: 3.0 HP				Blank: IP20

Chapter 3 Mounting and installation of the JNEV drive

3.1 Environment

The environment will directly affect the proper operation and the life of the inverter, so install the inverter in an environment that complies with the following conditions:

- Ambient temperature: 14~122 deg F (-10 to 50 deg C)
- Avoid exposure to rain or moisture.
- Avoid smoke and salinity.
- Avoid dust, lint fibers, and metal filings.
- Avoid direct sunlight.
- Avoid corrosive liquid and gas.
- Keep away from radio active and flammable materials.
- Avoid electromagnetic interference (soldering machines, power machine).
- Avoid vibration (stamping, punchpress). Add a vibration-proof pad if the situation can not be avoided.
- If several inverters are placed in the same control panel, provide heat remoual means to maintain the temperature below 50°C. See figure 3-1 for proper drive arrangment.

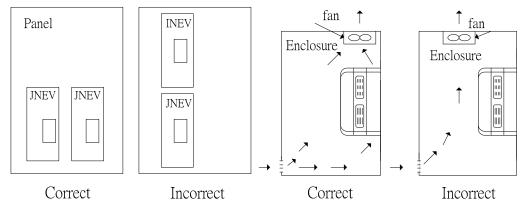


Figure 3-1 Panel and enclosure arrangement for drives

• Place the front side of the inverter outward and the top upward to improve heat dissipation.

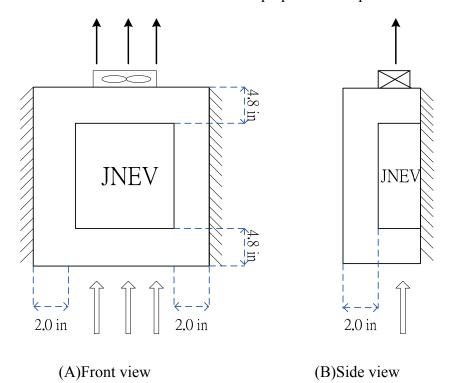


Figure 3-2 Mounting and clearance requirements

• All JNEV drives in IP-20 Enclosures can be DIN-RAIL mounted as shown below.

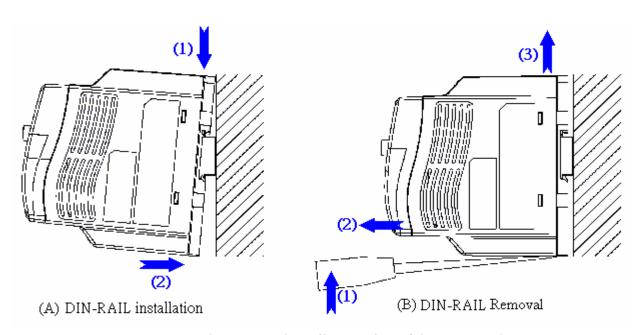


Figure 3-3 Din Rail Mounting of the JNEV Drive

•All JNEV Drives in IP-20 enclosures can be mounted side-by-side as shown below. (ambient temperature below 122°F)(50 °C).

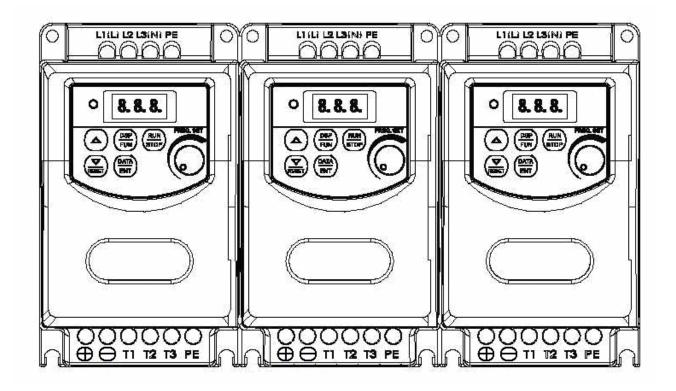
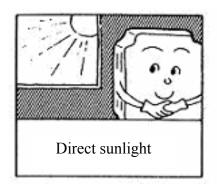
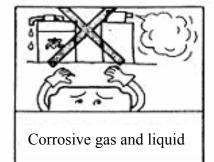


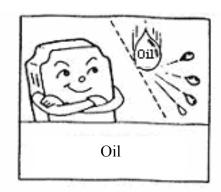
Figure 3-4 Side-by-side Mounting of the JNEV Drive

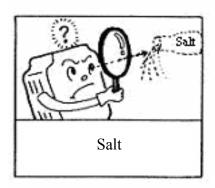
3.2 Mounting and installation

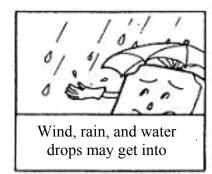
Do not use the inverter in an environment with the following conditions:

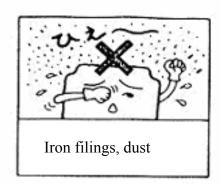


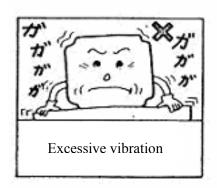


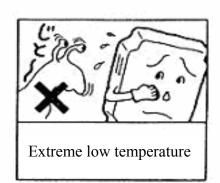


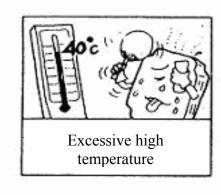


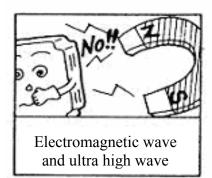


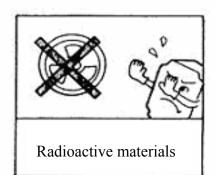


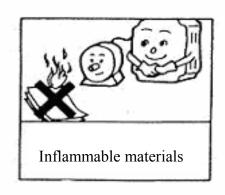












EV-1P2/1P5/101/2P2/2P5/201- -N4X(IP65)TYPE INSTALLATION:

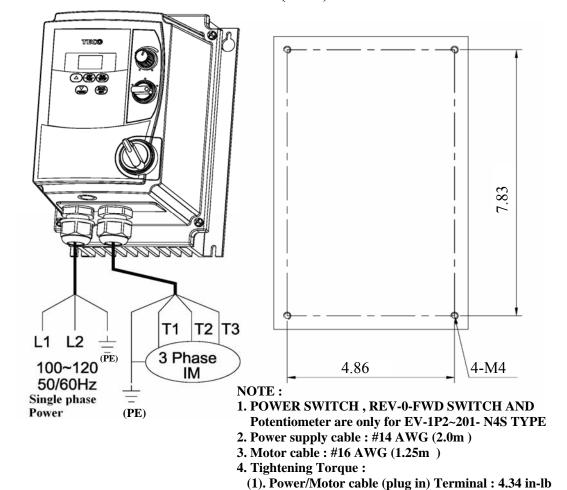


Figure 3-5 NEMA4 Mounting Instructions

(2). Remote control wire: 3.47 in-lb (3). Outer Cover (M4): 5.20 in-lb

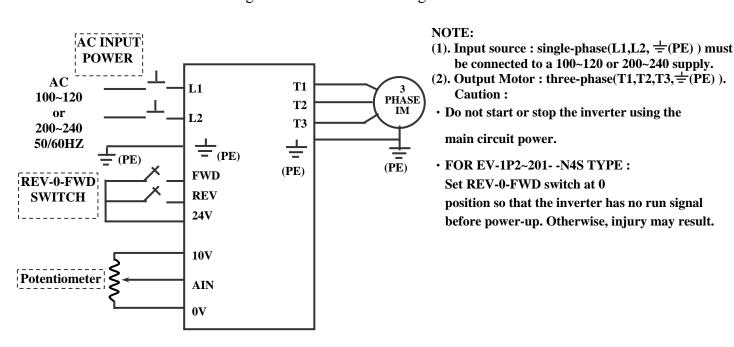
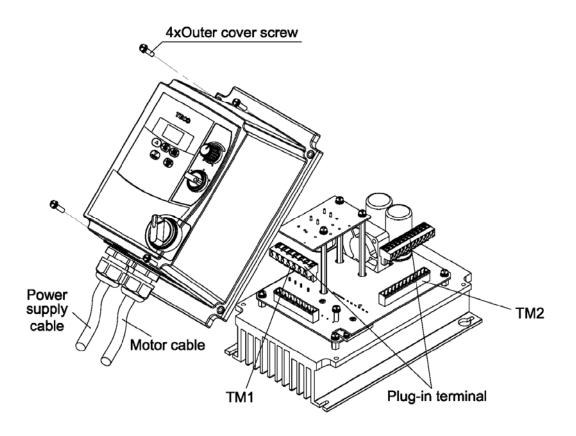


Figure 3-6 NEMA4 wiring diagram



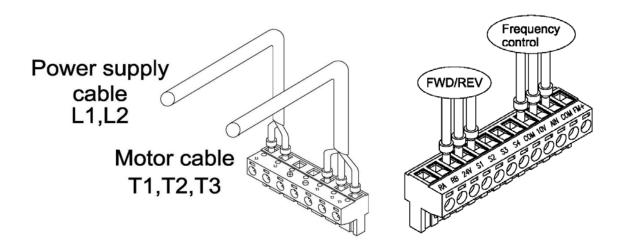
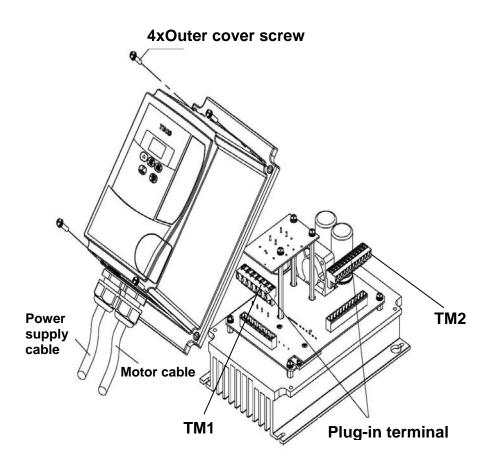


Figure 3-7 M/N XX-YYY-N4S (115V, 230V models) connection diagram



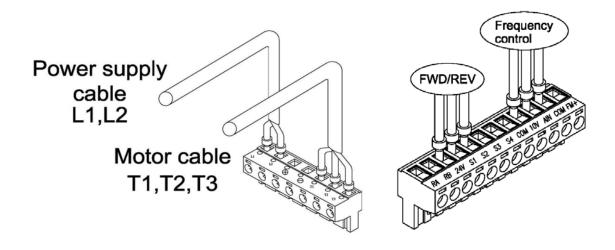


Figure 3-8 M/N XX-YYY-N4 (115V, 230 MODELS) connection diagram

3.3 Wiring Rules

3.3.1 Notice for wiring

A. Tightening torque:

Connect cables with a screwdriver or other suitable tools per the tightening torques listed below.

Securing torque									
Horsepower Power source Tightening torque for TM1 terminal									
0.25/0.5/1	100-120V	0.74/0.1	8.66/10						
0.25/0.5/1	200-240V	(LBS-FT / KG-M)	(LBS-IN/KG-CM)						
2/3	200-240V	1.286/0.18	15.97/18						
1/2/3	380-480V	(LBS-FT/KG-M)	(LBS-IN/KG-CM)						

B. Power wires:

Power wires connect to terminals L1(L), L2, L3 (N), T1, T2, T3, P and N. Select power wire in accordance with the following criteria:

- (1) Use wires with copper core only. Insulating materials with diameters should be based on working conditions at 221°F (105°C).
- (2) The minimum nominal voltage of 240Vac type connectors is 300V, and 480Vac type connector is 600V.

C. Control wire:

Control wire is connected to the TM2 control terminal. Select wire in accordance with the following criteria:

- (1) Use copper core only. The insulating materials with diameters should be based on working conditions at 221°F (105°C).
- (2) To avoid noise interference, do not route the control wiring in the same conduit with power wires and motor wiring.

D. Nominal electrical specifications of the terminal block:

The following are nominal values of TM1:

Horsepower	Power source	Volts	Amps
0.25 / 0.5 / 1	100-120V	600	15
0.25 / 0.5 / 1	200-240V	000	13
2/3	200-240V	600	40
1/2/3	380-480V	000	40

※Note: Nominal values of input and output signals (TM2) − follow the specifications of class 2 wiring.

E. Fuse types

Drive input fuses are provided to disconnect the drive from power in the event that a component fails in the drive's power circuitry. The drive's electronic protection circuitry is designed to clear drive output short circuits and ground faults without blowing the drive input fuses. Below table shows the EV input fuse ratings.

To protect the inverter most effectively, use fuses with current-limit function.

RK5, CC/T type fuse for EV

110V class(1 ϕ)

JNEV-	HP	KW	KVA	100% CONT Output AMPS (A)	Max.RK5 FUSE Rating(A)	Max.CC or T FUSE Rating(A)
1P2-H1	0.25	0.2	0.53	1.7	10	20
1P5-H1	0.5	0.4	0.88	3.1	15	30
101-H1	1	0.75	1.6	4.2	20	40

220V class(1 ϕ)

JNEV-	HP	KW	KVA	100% CONT Output AMPS (A)	Max.RK5 FUSE Rating(A)	Max.CC or T FUSE Rating(A)
2P2-H1	0.25	0.2	0.53	1.7	8	15
2P5-H1	0.5	0.4	0.88	3.1	10	20
201-H1	1	0.75	1.6	4.2	15	30
202-H1	2	1.5	2.9	7.5	20	40
203-H1	3	2.2	4.0	10.5	25	50

220V class(3 ϕ)

JNEV-	HP	KW	KVA	100% CONT Output AMPS (A)	Max.RK5 FUSE Rating(A)	Max.CC or T FUSE Rating(A)
2Р2-Н3	0.25	0.2	0.53	1.7	5	8
2Р5-Н3	0.5	0.4	0.88	3.1	8	10
201-Н3	1	0.75	1.6	4.2	12	15
202-Н3	2	1.5	2.9	7.5	15	20
203-Н3	3	2.2	4.0	10.5	20	30

440V class(3 ϕ)

(,)						
JNEV-	HP	KW	KVA	100% CONT Output AMPS (A)	Max.RK5 FUSE Rating(A)	Max.CC or T FUSE Rating(A)
401-H3	1	0.75	1.7	2.3	6	10
402-H3	2	1.5	2.9	3.8	10	15
403-H3	3	2.2	4.0	5.2	10	20

^{*}Fuse ratings are based upon 300V fuses for 120V inverters, and 300V fuses for 230V inverters, and 500V for 460V inverters

3.3.2 Options and wiring specifications

MCCB/ MC/ Fuse

- Warranty and replacement service does not apply to damage caused by the following conditions.
 - (1)MCCB or fuse is not installed, improperly installed, or improperly sized, and has resulted in inverter damage.
 - (2)MC or capacitor or surge absorber is installed between the inverter and the motor.

EV model	JNEV	JNEV H3(F)			
E v moder	1P2/2P2/1P5/2P5	101/201	202	203	401/402/403
Fuse	10A 300Vac	20A 300Vac		30A 300Vac	15A/600Vac
Main circuit terminal (TM1/TM3) □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□	Wire dime (14AWG)2 Terminal M4	$1.0 \mathrm{mm}^2$	Wire dimension (12AWG) 3.5mm ² Terminal screw M4	Wire dimension (14AWG)2.0mm ² Terminal screw M4	
Signal terminal (TM2) 1~12	Wire dimension (#18AWG)	mm² Term	inal screw M3	

- •Use a single fuse for 1φ L/N model. For 3φ models, each L1(L)/L2/L3(N) phase must be fused.
- Please utilize three phase squirrel cage induction motor with appropriate capacity for inverter.
- •IF the inverter is used to drive more than one motor, the total capacity must be smaller than the capacity of the AC drive. Additional thermal overload relays must installed in front of each motor.
- •Do not install phase advancing capacitors, LC, or RC components between inverter and motor.

3.3.3Precautions for peripheral applications:

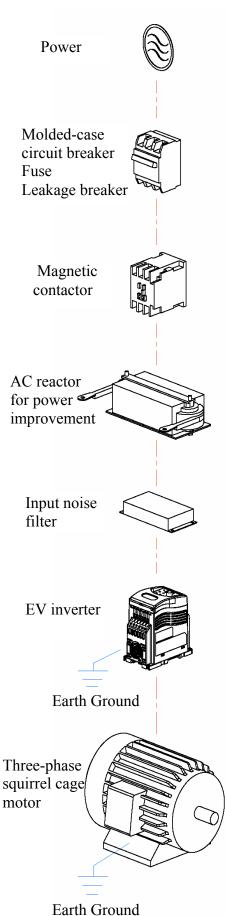


Figure 3-9 Typical installation schematic

Power supply:

- Make sure the correct voltage is applied to avoid damaging the inverter.
- A molded-case circuit breaker or fused disconnect must be installed between the AC source and the inverter.

Molded-case circuit breaker:

- •Use a molded-case circuit breaker that conforms to the rated voltage and current of the inverter to control the power and protect the inverter.
- •Do not use the circuit breaker as the run/stop switch for the inverter.

Fuse:

•A suitable fuse should be installed with inverter rated voltage and current when a MCCB is not being used.

Earth Leakage circuit breaker:

• Install a leakage breaker to prevent problems caused by current leakage and to protect personnel. Select current range up to 200mA, and action time up to 0.1 second to prevent high frequency failure.

Magnetic contactor:

- •Normal operations do not need a magnetic contactor. When performing functions such as external control and auto restart after power failure, or when using a brake controller, install a magnetic contactor.
- Do not use the magnetic contactor as the run/stop switch for the inverter.

AC Line Reactor for power quality:

●When inverters are supplied with high capacity (above 600KVA) power source, a AC reactor can be connected to improve the PF.

Input noise filter:

• A filter must be installed when there are inductive loads affecting the inverter.

Inverter:

- Output terminals T1, T2, and T3 are connected to U, V, and W terminals of the motor. If the motor is reversed while the inverter is set to run forward, just swap any two terminals of T1, T2, and T3.
- To avoid damaging the inverter, do not connect the input terminals T1, T2, and T3 to AC input power.
- •Connect the ground terminal properly.(230 V series: Rg $<100\Omega$; 460 V series: Rg $<10\Omega$.)

Make external connections as shown in figure 3-10. Check after wiring to make sure all connections are correct. (Do not use the control circuit buzzer to check connections)

- (A) Main circuit must be separated from other high voltage or high current power line to avoid noise interference. Refer to following figures:
- The inverter uses dedicated power line correct results
- A general noise filter may not provide

MCCB

0

MCCB

General

noise filter EV

Machine

Power

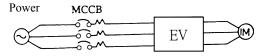


Figure 3-10a Installation examples

• Please added a noise filter or separation transformer when the inverter shares the power line with other machines.

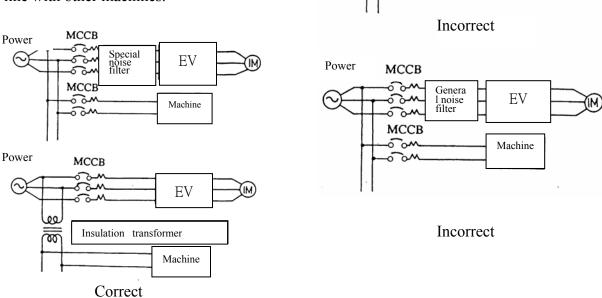


Figure 3-10 b Installation examples using a filter

• A noise filter in the output of the main circuit can suppress conductive noise. To prevent radiative noise, the wires should be put in a ferromagnetic metal pipe and separated from all other signal lines by at least 1ft.

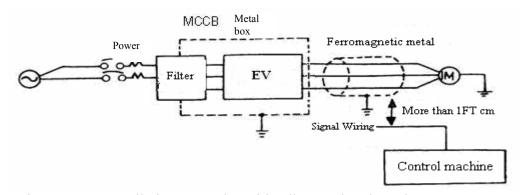
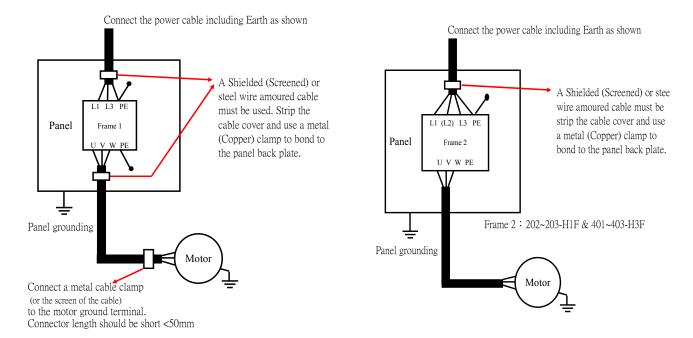


Figure 3-10c Installation examples with adjacent signal conductors

• The power supply and output PE terminals must be connected to ground to increase noise immunity of the built-in Filter.



- (A) The control circuit wiring and main circuit wire/ other high voltage/current power wiring should be separated to avoid noise interruption.
- In order to prevent noise interference which could cause inverter faults, the control circuit signal should be shielded and twisted. Please refer to figure 3-12. The wiring distance should be less than 150ft (50m).

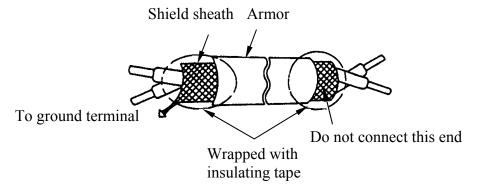


Figure 3-12 Processing the ends of twisted pair cables

- (B)Connect ground terminals as follows: (200V class ground <100 Ω ; 400V class ground <10 Ω .)
- Ground wiring AWG is sized per the electrical equipment specifications and should be made as short as possible.
- Do not share the ground of the inverter with other high current loads (welding machine, high power motor). Connect the terminal to its own ground.
- Do not make a loop when several inverters share a common ground point.

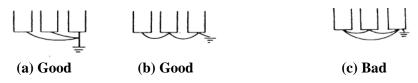


Figure 3-13 Grounding examples: multiple drives

Chapter 3 Environment description and installation

- (C) To ensure maximum safety, use correct wire size for the main power circuit and control circuit. (See table in section 3.2.2)
- (D) Verify that all wiring is correct, wires are intact, and terminal screws are secured.
- When the connection between the inverter and the motor is too long, consider the voltage drop of the circuit. Phase-to-phase voltage drop (V) =

 $\sqrt{3}$ ×resistance of wire (Ω/km) ×length of line (m)×current×10⁻³. And the carrier frequency must be adjusted based on the length of the line.

The length of the line between the inverter and the motor	Below 25m	Below 50m	Below 100m	Over100m
Carrier Frequency	Below 16KHz	Below 12KHz	Below 8KHz	Below 5KHz
Settings of F40 parameter	16	12	8	5

3.4 Inverter Specification 3.4.1 Basic specification

	12	20V mod	/ model 230V model										
Model	EV-]-H1	Single phase H1 EV-\[\subseteq \subseteq -H1(F) \]		Thi EV-[Three phase /						
	1P2	1P5	101	2P2	2P5	201	202	203	2P2	2P5	201	202	203
Horsepower (HP)	0.25	0.5	1	0.25	0.5	1	2	3	0.25	0.5	1	2	3
Max.Applicable Motor output.HP*1 (KW)	0.25 (0.2)	0.5 (0.4)	1 (0.75)	0.25 (0.2)	0.5 (0.4)	1 (0.75)	2 (1.5)	3 (2.2)	0.5 (0.2)	0.5 (0.4)	1 (0.75)	2 (1.50)	3 (2.2)
Rated output current (A)	1.7	3.1	4.2	1.7	3.1	4.2	7.5	10.5	1.7	3.1	4.2	7.5	10.5
Rated capacity (KVA)	0.53	0.88	1.60	0.53	0.88	1.60	2.90	4.00	0.53	0.88	1.60	2.90	4.00
Input voltage range(V)		1PH -120V+ %(50/60			200~2	1PH 40V+1 (50/60	-		3PH 200~240V+10%, -15%(50/60Hz)				
Output voltage range(V)						3PH ()~240	V					
Input current (A)	7.1	12.2	17.9	4.3	5.4	10.4	15.5	21	3.0	4.0	6.4	9.4	12.2
Inverter Weight Lb Inverter with filter weight Kb (KG)	1.37 (0.62)	1.50 (0.68)	1.59 (0.72)	1.43 (0.65) 1.57 (0.71)	1.48 (0.67) 1.71 (0.73)	1.48 (0.67) 1.71 (0.73)	2.20 (1) 2.76 (1.25)	2.31 (1.05) 2.87 (1.3)	1.34 (0.61)	1.34 (0.61)	1.46 (0.66)	2.09 (0.95)	2.20 (1.0)
Maximum momentary power loss time (S)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0
Enclosure		IP20											

	460V model					
Model	EVH3(F)					
	401	402	403			
Horse power (HP)	1	2	3			
Max.applicable Motor Output HP*1(KW)	1.0(0.75)	2.0(1.50)	3.0(2.2)			
Rated output current (A)	2.3	3.8	5.2			
Rated capacity (KVA)	1.7	2.9	4.0			
Input voltage range(V)	3PH 380~480V+10%,-15%(50/60Hz)					
Output voltage range(V)	3PH 0~480V					
Input current (A)	3	4.8	6.6			
Inverter Weight Lb (KG) Inverter with filter Weight Lb (KG)	3.31(1.26) 3.70(1.37)	3.35(1.29) 3.75(1.4)	3.42(1.34) 3.82(1.45)			
Maximum momentary power loss time (S)	1.0	1.0	2.0			
Enclosure	IP20					

^{*} Based on a 4-Pole Motor

3.4.2 General Specifications

	Range	0~200Hz
	Initial Drive	100%/3Hz (Vector mode)
	Speed Control Range	1:20 (Vector mode)
ol	Speed Control Precision	±0.5%(Vector mode)
ontr	Setting resolution 1:1	Digital: 0.1Hz(0~99.9Hz)/1Hz(100~200Hz); analog: 0.06Hz/60Hz
y c	Keypad setting	Set directly with ▲ ▼ keys or the VR on the keypad
Frequency control	Display	7 segment*3 Displays; frequency/DC Voltage/Output Voltage / Current/ inverter parameters/fault log/program version/PID feedback control potentiometer.
	External signal setting	•External / 0(2)-10V/ 0(4)-20mA •Performs up/down controls with multi-functional contacts on the terminal base
	Frequency limit function	Upper/lower frequency limits, and two skip frequencies.
	Carrier frequency	4~16KHz (default 10KHz, above 10KHz with De-rating)
	V/F pattern	6 fixed patterns 50Hz/60Hz, 1 programmable
	Acc/dec control	Two-stage acc/dec time (0.1~999s)
	Multi-functional analog output	6 functions (refer to F26 description)
rol	Multi-functional input	19 functions (refer to F11~F14 description)
cont	Multi-functional output	16 functions (refer to F21 description)
General control	DI(digital input)	NPN/PNP alternative : 4 points standard, 2 points option (S1~S4 standard, S5~S6 option)
	DO(digital output)	Relay output *Form A contact set to multi-function output. External multi-function output *option 1 point (open collector transistor 24V, 600mA)
	AI(analog input)	Set speed command and PID feedback signal (speed ,PID 4~20mA /0~10V)
	Other functions	Instantaneous power loss on restart, Speed search, fault restart, DC injection braking, torque boost, 2/3wire control, PID function
	Communication control	•RS485 Option card: Modbus RTU/ASCII mode, 4800~38400 bps, max. 254 stations •PC/PDA software
	Operation temperature	14~122 deg F(-10~50 deg C) IP20, 14~104 deg F(-10~40 deg C) IP65
	Storage temperature	-4~140 deg F(-20~60 deg C)
	Humidity	0 – 95% RH (non condensing)
	Vibration immunity	$1G(9.8 \text{m/s}^2)$
	EMI/EMS	Built-in / external: class A, accordance with EN61800-3 first
	Compatibility	environment
	LVD	Accordance with EN50178
	Enclosure	IP20
	Safety Class	UL508C

Chapter 3 Environment description and installation

Over load protection Inverter rated current 150%/1min						
	International conformity	UL/CE				
S	Over voltage 230V Class: DC voltage >400V 460V Class: DC voltage >800V					
Under voltage 230V Class: DC voltage <190V 460V Class: DC voltage <380V Instantaneous power loss restart Set to enable or disable						
					tive	Stall prevention ACC/DEC/ Operation stall prevention and stall prevention level.
Protective	Output terminal short circuit	Electronic circuit protection				
	Other faults Electronic circuit protection					
	Other functions	Over current, over voltage, under voltage, over load, instantaneous power loss restart, ACC/DEC/ Operation stall prevention, output terminal sort circuit, grounding error, reverse limit, directly start as power on and fault reset limit.				

%Note: The setting resolution of above 100 Hz is 1Hz when controlled by keypad, and 0.01 Hz when controlled using computer (PC) or programmable controller (PLC).

3.5 EV Wiring diagram

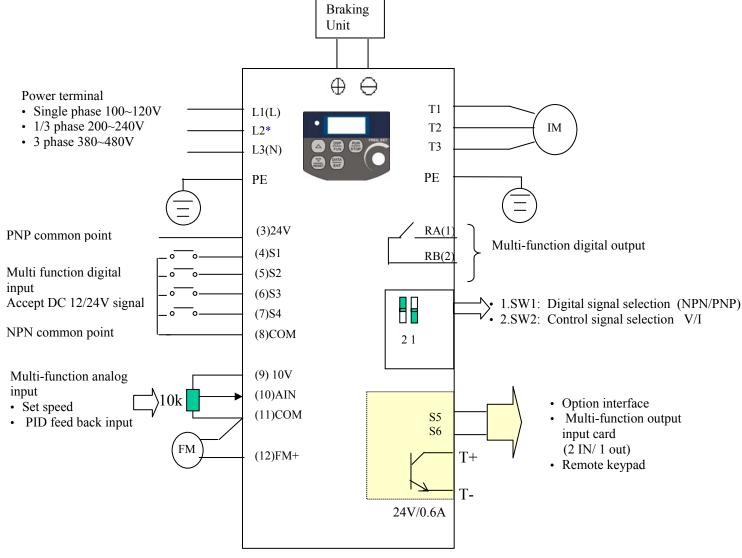


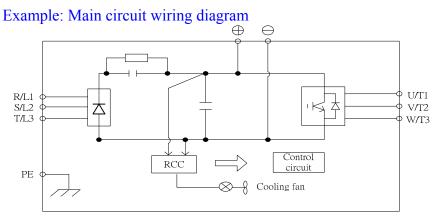
Figure 3-14 Wiring diagram

Note 1:- Connect inputs to

Terminal 3 (internal 24vdc) for PNP mode (Positive switching).

Or to terminal 8 (Common) for NPN mode(Negative switching).

Note2:- External 24 Vdc may be used to supply the external contacts at each input (Connect the 0V of the external supply to Common (terminal 8).)



^{*} Not used for single-phase operation

3.6 Description of Inverter Terminal Descriptions of power terminals

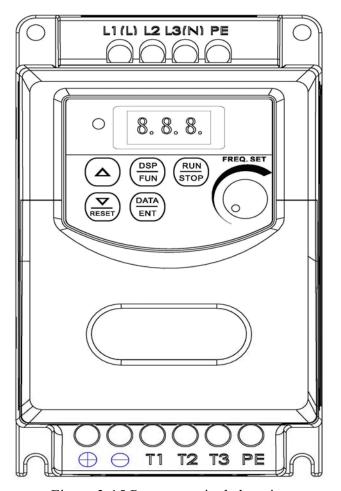


Figure 3-15 Power terminals locations

Symbol	Description			
L1 (L)				
L2	Main power input Single-phase: L/N* Three-phase: L1/L2/L3			
L3 (N)	Timee-phase. L1/L2/L3			
\oplus	DC power and braking unit connection terminals. (match with braking units and			
Θ	braking resistor to brake)			
T1				
T2	Inverter output			
Т3				
PE	Grounding terminals (2 points)			

^{*} Braking units are required for applications where a load with high inertia needs to be stopped rapidly.

Use a power-matched braking unit and resistor to dissipate the energy generated by the load while stopping.

Otherwise inverter will trip on over voltage.

^{*} Terminal at L2 will be non-functional for single-phase units.

Control signal terminals block description

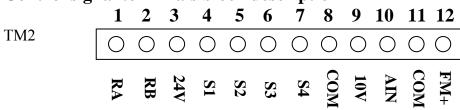


Figure 3-16 Signal terminal locations

Symbol	Description				
RA	Multi-functional output terminal	Rated contact capacity: (250VAC/10A)			
RB	Normally open contact	Contact description: (refer to parameter F21)			
10V	Supply for external potentiometer for speed reference.				
AIN	Analog frequency signal input terminal (high level: 8V/low level: 2V), adaptable to PNP (refer to parameter F15 description)				
24V	PNP (SOURCE) input, S1~S4 (S5/S6) common terminal, (set SW1 to PNP and connect option card power.)				
COM	NPN (SINK) input, S1~S4 (S5/S6) common terminal, (set SW1 to NPN, and analog input, connect option card power, output signal common terminal.)				
FM+	Multi-function analog output + terminal (refer to parameter F26 description), output signal: DC 0-10V.				

Symbol	Description
S1	
S2	Multi-function input terminals (refer to parameters F11~F14 description)
S3	
S4	

SW function description

SW1	Type of external signal	Remarks
	NPN input (SINK)	
	PNP input (SOURCE)	Factory default

SW2	Type of external signal	Remarks
I I	0~10V DC analog signal	(1) Effective when parameter F05=2 (analog input signal
V I	4~20mA analog signal	from TM2) (2) Factory setting is voltage input

3.7 Dimension

(1) IP20 Frame1: Single phase: JNEV-1P2~201-H1/H1F Three phase: JNEV-2P2~201-H3

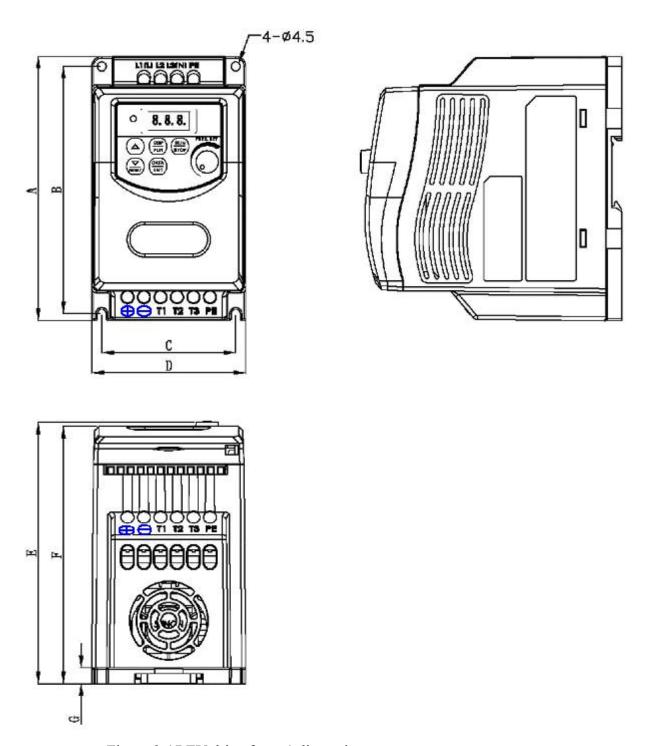


Figure 3-17 EV drive frame1 dimensions

(2) IP20 Frame2: Single phaseJNEV-202~203-H1/H1F Three phase JNEV-202~203-H3 Three phase JNEV-401~403-H3/H3F

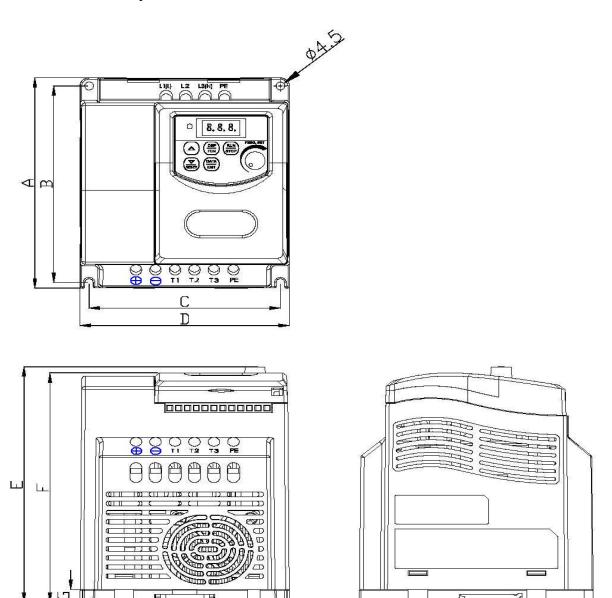


Figure 3-18 EV drive frame2 dimensions

Unit: inch/mm LENGTH \mathbf{A} В \mathbf{C} D **MODEL** Frame 1 5.2/132 4.86/123.5 2.64/67 3.03/77 Frame 2 5.2/132 4.86/123.5 4.25/108 4.65/118 LENGTH **MODEL** \mathbf{E} \mathbf{F} \mathbf{G} 5.13/130.5 | 5.06/128.45 0.315/8 Frame 1 Frame 2 5.83/148 5.67/144 0.315/8

(3) IP65 Frame1(switch) EV-1P2/1P5/101/2P2/2P5/201-N4S(IP65 type):

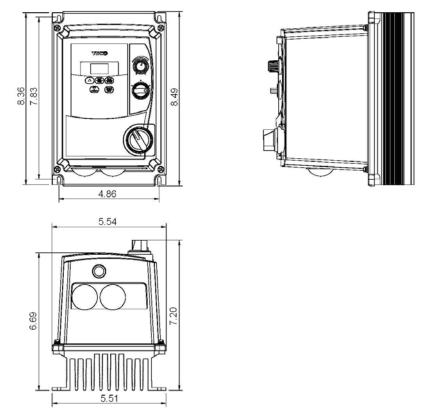


Figure 3-19 EV drive IP65 (switch) frame 1 dimensions

• IP65 Frame1(no switch) EV-1P2/1P5/101/2P2/2P5/201-N4(IP65 type):

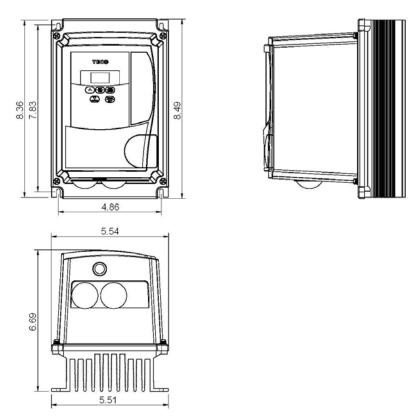
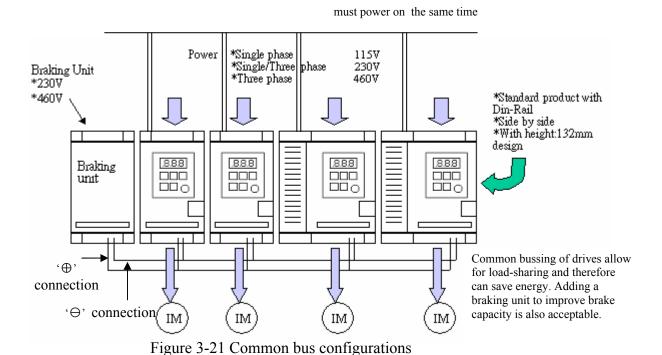


Figure 3-20 EV drive IP65 (no switch) Frame 1 dimensions

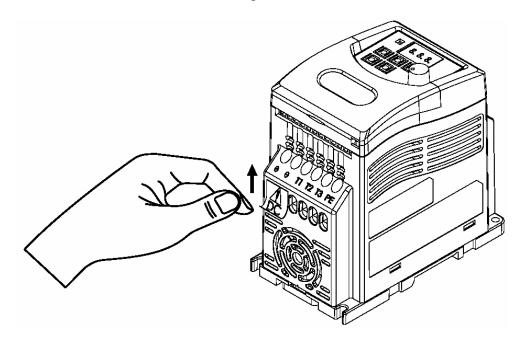
3.8 Installation and design consideration



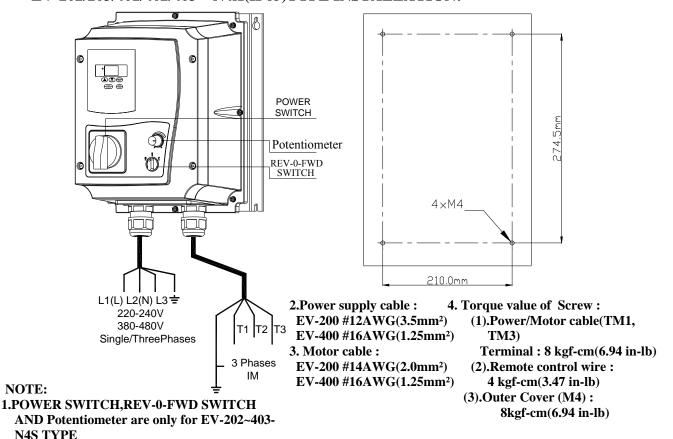
Note 1. Common bus connections from a common input power supply as shown above.

Note 2. When connecting a drive or drives' DC bus connections in parallel with larger. Hp rated drives, use a magnetic contactor with the $\oplus \& \ominus$ terminals, otherwise, inverter damage can result.

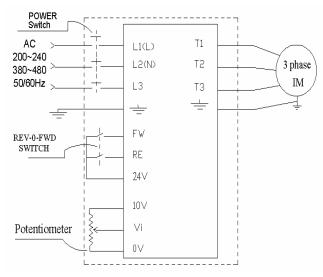
Note: If $\oplus \ominus$ terminal block be used, please take off the TB label as shown below.



• EV-202/203/401/402/403—N4X(IP65)TYPE INSTALLATION:



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



NOTE:

NOTE:

- (1).Input source: single-phase (L1(L),L2(N), $\overline{\overline{}}$) ensuring that it is connected to a 200/240 supply or three-plase (L1 (L), L2 (N), L3, $\overline{\overline{}}$) ensuring that it is connected to a 200/240,380/480V supply.
- (2).Output Motor: three-phase ($\overline{\pm}$, T1, T2, T3).

Caution:

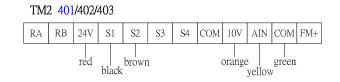
- · Do not start or stop the inverter using the main circuit power.
- FOR EV-202~403--N4S TYPE:

Please always remain REV-0-FWD switch at 0 position. In order to keep inverter has no running signal before power-on again after power supply interrupted. Otherwise, injury may result.

• FOR EV-202~403--N4 TYPE:

Please always remain RE or FW switch at OFF position. In order to keep inverter has no running signal before power-on again after power supply interrupted. Otherwise, injury may result.





• IP65 Frame 2 (switch) EV- 202/203/401/402/403:

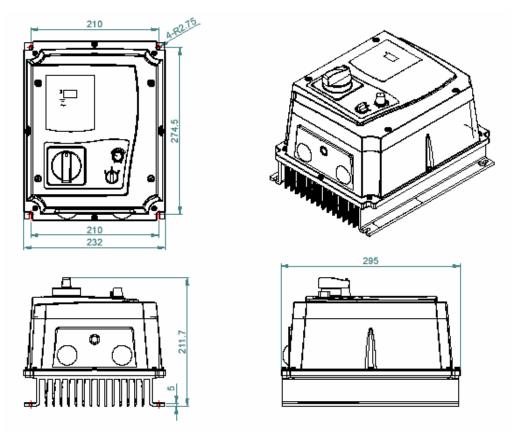


Figure 3-22 EV drive IP65 (switch) Frame 2 dimensions

• IP65 Frame 2 (no switch) EV- 202/203/401/402/403:

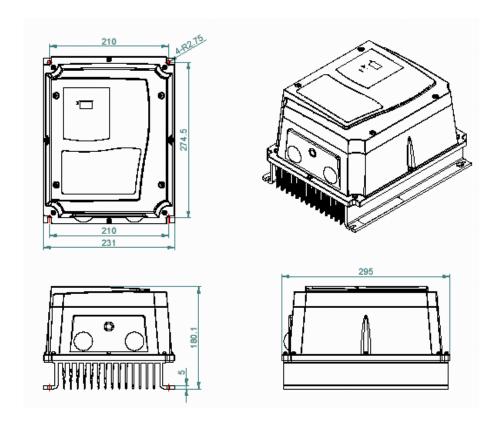
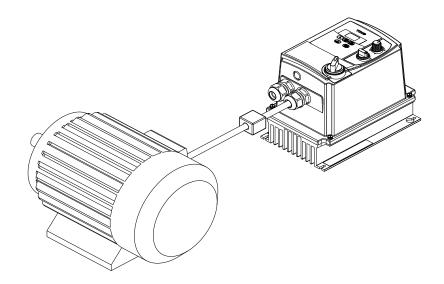


Figure 3-23 EV drive IP65 (no switch) Frame 2 dimensions

• EV-2P2~201-H1FN4(S) (IP65) Connections & EMC Mounting:

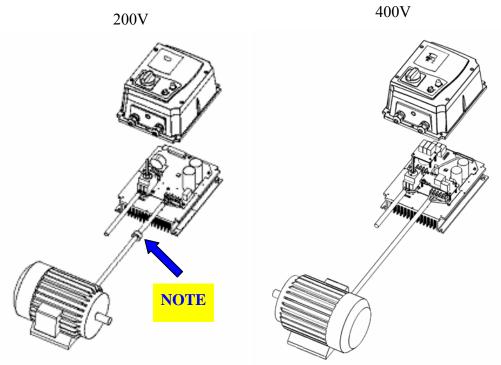


NOTE:

For IP65 2P2~201 FILTER MODELS, additional items will be find inside the box including: [1] pc of EMC conformed waterproof (IP65) ferrite core.

"CAUTION: if application require to meet EMC regulation, you MUST first constrain the motor cables, close the ferrite core onto the motor cable outside the plastic enclosure as stated in the above diagram. Besides, quadrilateral type ferrite core should close to inverter. Please also note the length of the Motor cable CANNOT exceed 5M under EMC regulation."

• EV-202~203-H1FN4(S) & EV-401~403-H3FN4(S) (IP65) Connections & EMC Mounting:

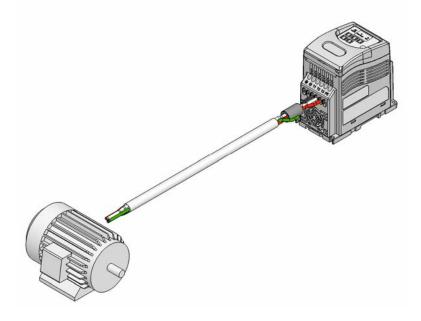


NOTE:

For IP65 202~203 FILTER MODELS, additional items will be find inside the box including: [1] pc of EMC conformed waterproof (IP65) ferrite core.

"CAUTION: if application require to meet EMC regulation, you MUST first constrain the motor cables, close the ferrite core onto the motor cable outside the plastic enclosure as stated in the above diagram. Besides, circular type ferrite core should close to inverter. Please also note the length of the Motor cable CANNOT exceed 5M under EMC regulation."

• EV-2P2~201-H1F (Frame 1) (IP20) Connections & EMC Mounting:



NOTE:

For IP20 2P2~201 FILTER MODELS, additional items will be find inside the box including: [1] pc of EMC conformed waterproof (IP65) ferrite core.

"CAUTION: if application require to meet EMC regulation, you MUST first let the ferrite core through the motor cables, then constrain the motor cable on the inverter as stated in the above diagram. Please also note the length of the Motor cable CANNOT exceed 5M under EMC regulation."

Chapter 4 Programming instructions & Parameter list

4.1 Keypad description

4.1.1 Keypad display

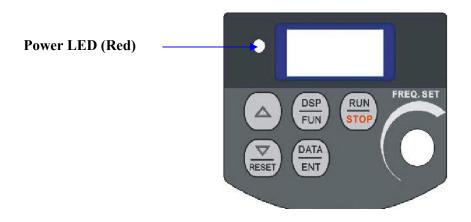


Figure 4-1 Keypad layout

4.1.2 Operation Instruction of the keypad

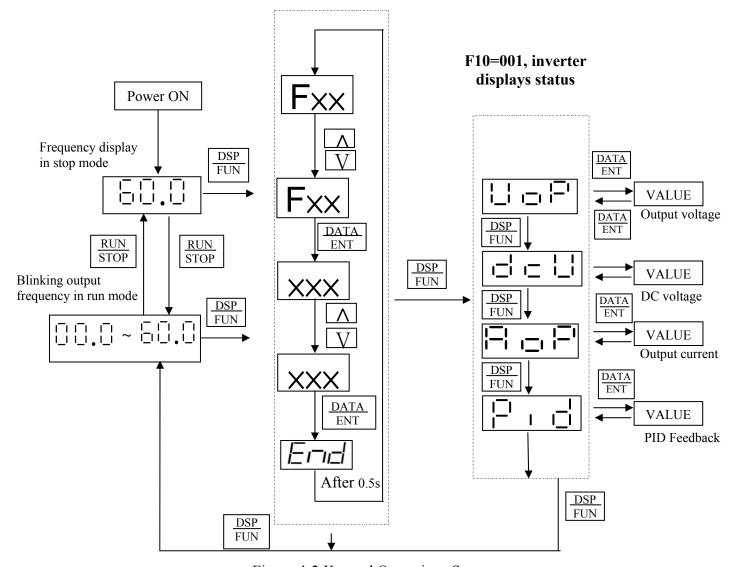


Figure 4-2 Keypad Operations Sequence

- *1: Display flashes with set frequency in stop mode, but it is solid in run mode.
- *2: The frequency can be set during both stop and run modes.

• Remote/Local change function

- Local mode
- ●Run command via **RUN/STOP** key on the keypad
- Frequency command

When C41=000: only UP/DOWN key on the keypad can control and F05 setting has no effect.

When C41=001: only VR on the keypad can control and F05 setting has no effect.

- Remote mode
 - ●Run command from Run parameter (**F04**) control setting
 - Frequency command from Frequency parameter (F05) control setting
- •Remote/Local change mode on keypad is achieved by simultaneously pressing ▼/RESET and DATA/ENT. Each successive operation toggles between local and remote.

 Note: The inverter must be stopped.

4.2 Parameter function list Basic parameter function list

F	Function Description	Range/ Code	Factory Default	Remarks
00	Inverter horse power capacity			
01	Acceleration time 1	00.1~999s	05.0	*1 *2
02	Deceleration time 1	00.1~999s	05.0	*1 *2
03	Motor rotation direction	000: Forward 001: Reverse	000	*1
04	Run command source	000: keypad 001: External Terminal 002: Communication Control	000	
05	Frequency command source	000: UP/Down Key on control panel 001: Potentiometer on control panel 002: AIN input signal from (TM2) 003: Multi-function input terminal UP/DOWN function 004: RS-485 Communication frequency setting	000	
06	External control operation mode	000: Forward/ Stop-Reverse/Stop 001: Run/ Stop-Forward/Reverse 002:3-wire—Run/ Stop	000	
07	Frequency upper limit	01.0 ~200Hz	50.0/60.0	*2
08	Frequency lower limit	00.0 ~200Hz	00.0	*2
09	Stopping method	000: Decelerate to stop 001: Coast to stop	000	
10	Status display parameters	000: No display 001: Display	000	*1
11	Terminal S1 Function	000: Forward 001: Reverse	000	
12	Terminal S2 Function	001: Reverse 002: Preset Speed Command 1 003: Preset Speed Command 2 004: Preset Speed Command 3	001	
13	Terminal S3 Function	005: Jog frequency Command 006: Emergency stop(E.S.) 007: Base Block (b.b.)	005	
14	Terminal S4 Function	008: Select 2 nd accel / decel time 009: Reset 010: Up command 011: Down command 012: Control signal switch 013: Communication control signal switch 014: Acceleration/deceleration prohibit 015: Master/Auxiliary speed source select 016: PID function disable 017: Analog frequency signal	006	
15	Terminal AIN Function	input(terminal AIN) 018: PID feedback signal (terminal AIN) 019: DC Brake signal *6	017	
16	AIN signal select	000: 0~10V(0~20mA) 001: 4~20mA(2~10V)	000	

F	Function Description	Range/ Code	Factory Default	Remarks
18	AIN Bias (%)	000~100	000	*1
19	AIN Bias	000: Positive 001: Negative	000	*1
20	AIN Slope Direction	000: Positive 001: Negative	000	*1
21	Multi-function output RY1	000: Run 001: Frequency reached (Set frequency ± F23) 002: Frequency is within the range set by (F22±F23) 003: Frequency Detection (>F22) 004: Frequency Detection (<f22) (b.b.)="" 005:="" 006:="" 007:="" 008:="" 009:="" 010:="" 011:="" 012:="" 013:="" 014:="" 015:="" and="" auto="" base="" block="" communication="" current="" detection(="" emergency="" error="" fault="" inverter="" loss="" momentary="" motor="" on="" output="" overload="" power="" protection="" reset="" restart="" retain="" stop(e.s.)="" terminal="">F24)</f22)>	000	
22	Output frequency at the Set value (Hz)	00.0~200	00.0	*1
23	Frequency detection range (±Hz)	00.0~30.0	00.0	*1
24	Output current set value	000~100%	000	
25	Output current detection time	00.0~25.5(Sec)	00.0	
26	Multi-function output analog type selection (0~10Vdc)	000: Output frequency 001: Set frequency 002: Output voltage 003: DC voltage 004: Output current 005: PID feedback signal	000	*1
27	Multi-function analog output gain (%)	000~200%	100	*1
28	Preset frequency 1 (Main frequency setting)	00.0~200Hz	05.0	*1
29	Preset frequency 2	00.0~200Hz	05.0	*1
30	Preset frequency 3	00.0~200Hz	10.0	*1
31	Preset frequency 4	00.0~200Hz	20.0	*1
32	Preset frequency 5	00.0~200Hz	30.0	*1
33	Preset frequency 6	00.0~200Hz	40.0	*1
34	Preset frequency 7	00.0~200Hz	50.0	*1
35	Preset frequency 8	00.0~200Hz	60.0	*1
36	Jog frequency instruction	00.0~200Hz	05.0	*1

F	Function Description	Range/ Code	Factory Default	Remarks
37	DC braking time	00.0~25.5 Sec	00.5	
38	DC braking start frequency	01.0~10.0 Hz	01.5	
39	DC braking level	000~020%	005	
40	Carrier frequency	004~016	010	4~16K
41	Auto Restart for power-loss	000: Enable 001: Disable	001 *6	
42	Auto-restart times	000~005	000	
43	Motor rated current			*4
44	Motor rated voltage			*4
45	Motor rated frequency			*4
46	Motor rated power			*4
47	Motor rated speed	0~120 (*100 RPM) *8		*4
48	Torque Boost Gain (Vector)	001~450		
49	Slip Compensation Gain (Vector)	001~450		
50	Low frequency voltage compensation	000~40		
51	Advanced parameter function display	000: don't display 001: display	000	*1
52	Factory default	010: Reset to factory default (50Hz) 020: Reset to factory default (60Hz)	000	
53	Software version	CPU Version		*3 *4
54	Latest 3 fault records			*3 *4

Advanced function parameter list(Enable access to these parameters by setting F51=001)

C	Function Description	Range/ Code	Factory default	Remarks
00	Reverse run instruction	000: Reverse enable 001: Reverse disable	000	
01	Acceleration stall- prevention	000: Acceleration stall prevention enable 001: Acceleration stall prevention disable	000	
02	Acceleration stall- prevention level (%)	050 - 300	200	
03	Deceleration stall- prevention	000: Deceleration stall prevention enable 001: Deceleration stall prevention disable	000	
04	Deceleration stall- prevention level (%)	050 - 300	200	
05	Run stall-prevention	000: Run stall prevention available 001: Run stall prevention unavailable	000	
06	Run stall-prevention level (%)	050 - 300	200	
07	Stall prevention time during run	000: according to decel time set in F02 001: according to decel time set in C08	000	
08	Stall prevention deceleration time set	00.1 – 999 Sec	03.0	
09	Direct start on power up	000: Direct start available 001: Direct start disabled	001	

C	Function Description	Range/ Code	Factory default	Remarks
10	Reset mode	000: RUN instruction is OFF, Reset command is available. 001: Whether RUN instruction is OFF or ON, Reset command is available.		
11	Acceleration time 2	00.1~999 Sec	05.0	*1 *2
12	Deceleration time 2	celeration time 2 00.1~999 Sec		*1 *2
13	Fan control	000: Auto-run at set temperature 001: Run when inverter runs 002: Always run 003: Always stop	001	This function only available for IP20 type, For IP65 type, fan will run while power is on.
14	Control mode	000:Vector control 001:V/F Control	000	*4
15	V/F Pattern setting	001 ~ 007	001/004	*8
16	V/F base output voltage set	198~265V / 380~530V	220/440	
17	Max output frequency (Hz)	00.2 - 200	50.0/60.0	
18	Output voltage ratio at max frequency (%)	00.0 - 100	100	
19	Mid frequency(Hz)	00.1 - 200	25.0/30.0	
	Output voltage ratio at mid frequency (%)	00.0 - 100	50.0	
	Min output frequency (Hz)	00.1 - 200	00.5/00.6	
22	Output voltage ratio at Min frequency (%)	00.0 - 100	01.0	
23	Torque Boost Gain (V/F)	00.0 ~ 30.0%	0.00	*1
24	Slip Compensation Gain (V/F)	00.0 ~100%	0.00	*1
25	Motor no load current			Varies with motor rating *4
26	Electronic thermal relay protection for motor (OL1)	000: Enable motor protection 001: Disable motor protection	000	
27	Skip frequency 1(Hz)	00.0~200	0.00	*1
28	Skip frequency 2(Hz)	00.0~200	00.0	*1
29	Skip frequency range (±Hz)	00.0~30.0	0.00	*1

C	Function Description	Range/ Code	Factory default	Remarks
30	PID operation mode	 000: PID Function unavailable 001: PID control, Bias D control 002: PID Control, Feedback D control 003: PID Control, Bias D reverse characteristics control. 004: PID Control, Feedback D reverse characteristics control. 	000	
31	PID Error gain	0.00 - 10.0	1.00	*1
32	P: Proportional gain	0.00 - 10.0	01.0	*1
33	I: Integral time (s)	00.0 - 100	10.0	*1
34	D: Differential time (s)	0.00 - 10.0	0.00	*1
35	PID OFFSET	000: Positive direction 001: Negative direction	000	*1
36	PID OFFSET adjust (%)	000 – 109	000	*1
37	PID Update time (s)	00.0 - 02.5	0.00	*1
38	PID Sleep mode threshold	00.0~200Hz	00.0	
39	PID Sleep delay time	00.0~25.5	0.00	
40	Frequency Up/ Down control using MFIT	 000: UP/Down command is available. Set frequency is held when inverter stops. 001: UP/Down command is available. Set frequency resets to 0Hz when inverter stops. 002: UP/Down command is available. Set frequency is held when inverter stops. Up/Down is available in stop. 	000	
41	Local/Remote frequency control select (Run command by the Run/Stop key)	000: UP/Down key on keypad sets frequency 001: Potentiometer on the keypad set frequency	000	
42	Terminal S5 function (option)	000: Forward 001: Reverse 002: Preset Speed Command 1 003: Preset Speed Command 2 004: Preset Speed Command 3 005: Jog Frequency Command 006: Emergency Stop(E.S.) 007: Base Block (b.b.) 008: Select 2 nd accel/decel time. 009: Reset	007	
43	Terminal S6 function (option)	010: Up Command 011: Down Command 012: Control signal switch 013: Communication control signal switch 014: Acceleration/ deceleration disable 015: Master/auxiliary speed source select 016: PID function disable 019: DC Brake signal *7	009	
44	Multi-function input terminal S1~S6 signal scan time (mSec ×8)	001~100	010	

С	Function Description	Range/ Code	Factory default	Remarks
45	Confirming AIN signal scan time (mSec x 8)	001~100	050	
46	Multi-function output T+ ' T- (option)	000: Run 001: Frequency reached (Set frequency ± F23) 002: Frequency is within the range set by (F22±F23) 003: Frequency detection (>F22) 004: Frequency detection (<f22) 005:="" 006:="" 007:="" 008:="" 009:="" 010:="" 011:="" 012:="" 013:="" 014:="" 015:="" auto-restart="" base="" block(b.b.)="" communication="" current="" detection(="" emergency="" error="" fault="" inverter="" loss="" momentary="" motor="" on="" output="" overload="" power="" protection="" retain="" stop(e.s.)="" terminal="">F24)</f22)>	005	
47	Remote keypad control selection	 000: Disable (no signal loss detection) 001: Enable. On signal loss stop according to F09 002: Enable. Runs at the last set frequency. On signal loss Stop is according to F04 setting or Stop key on keypad. 	000	Stop inverter then connect remote keypad for proper operation *4
48	Copy module	000: Copy module disable 001: copy to module from inverter 002: copy to inverter from module 003: read/ write check	000	*3
49	Inverter communication address	001 ~ 254	001	*3 *4
50	Baud rate (bps)	000: 4800 001: 9600 002: 9200 003: 38400	003	*3 *4
51	Stop bit	000: 1 Stop bit 001: 2 Stop bit	000	*3 *4
52	Parity bit	000: No parity 001: Even parity 002: Odd parity	000	*3 *4
53	Data bits	000: 8 bits data 001: 7 bits data (Only for Modbus ASCII Mode)	000	*3 *4
54	Communication time- out detection time	00.0 ~ 25.5 Sec	00.0	*3*5

C	Function Description	Range/ Code	Factory default	Remarks
55	Communication time- out operation selection	000: Deceleration to stop. (F02: Deceleration time 1). 001: Coast to stop. 002: Deceleration to stop. (C12: Deceleration time 2). 003: continue operating.	000	*3*5

Note: *1: Can be modified in Run mode.

*2: Frequency resolution is 1Hz for settings above 100 Hz.

*3: Cannot be modified during communication.

*4: Do not change while making factory setting.

F52 factory setting is 020(60HZ) and motor parameter value is 17.0.

F52 factory setting is 010(50HZ) and motor parameter value is 14.0.

*5: Available in Software version 1.2 or later

*6: Changed in Software version 1.5 or later

*7: Changed in Software version 1.6 or later

*8: Changed in Software version 1.7 or later

4.3 Parameter function description Basic function parameter list

F00 Inverter horse power capacity

F00	Inverter model		
1P2		1P2	
1P5		1P5	
101	JNEV	101	
2P2	JINL	2P2	
2P5		2P5	
201		201	
202		202	

F00	Inverter model		
203	JNEV	203	
401		401	
402		402	
403		403	

F01 Acceleration time 1 (s): 00.1 – 999 F02 Deceleration time 1 (s): 00.1 – 999

Formula for acceleration/deceleration time: Denominator is based on the setting of Cn14

a) Motor rating frequency (Sensor less vector control C14=000)

b) Max output frequency (V/f mode C14=001)

a)

Acceleration time =
$$F01 \times \frac{\text{Set frequency}}{\text{F45(rated frequency)}}$$

Deceleration time = $F02 \times \frac{\text{Set frequency}}{\text{F45(rated frequency)}}$

(vector)

b)

Acceleration time = $F01 \times \frac{\text{Set frequency}}{\text{C17(Max output frequency)}}$

Deceleration time = $F02 \times \frac{\text{Set frequency}}{\text{C17(Max output frequency)}}$

(V/F)

F03 Motor rotation direction 000: Forward 001: Reverse

Parameter F04 =000 must be set to 000 for this function to be effective.

F04 Run signal source	000: keypad 001: External Terminal
	002: Communication Control

- 1.) F04=000, inverter is controlled by keypad.
- 2.) F04=001, inverter is controlled by external terminal.
- 3.) F04=002, inverter is controlled by serial communication.

F05 Frequency signal source	000: UP/Down Key on keypad 001: Potentiometer on keypad 002:TM2 input signal (Terminal AIN)
	003: Multi-function input terminal UP/DOWN function
	004: Frequency set by communication method (When C47=1,Remote Keypad has priority)

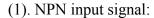
- 1.) F5=001, when any of parameter group F11~ F15 is set to 015 and multi-function input terminal is OFF, the frequency is set by the potentiometer on the Keypad. If the multi-function input terminal is ON, the frequency is set by the analog signal (auxiliary speed) from TM2.
- 2.) F5=002, when any of parameter group F11~ F15 is set to 015 and multi-function input terminal is OFF, the frequency is set by the analog signal (auxiliary speed) from TM2. If the multi-function input terminal ON, the frequency is set by the potentiometer on Keypad.

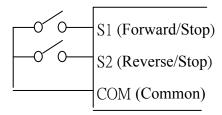
- 3.) Up/Down terminal: please refer to description of parameter group F11~ F15 (multi-function input terminal).
- 4.) Priority of reading frequency command: Jog> preset frequency > (Keypad ▲ ▼ or TM2 UP/ Down or communication)

```
F06 : External control operation mode 000: Forward/ Stop-Reverse/Stop 001: Run/ Stop-Forward/Reverse 002: 3-wire—Run/ Stop
```

- 1.) F06 is only available when F04 = 001 (external terminal).
- 2.) When both forward and reverse commands are ON, this will result in a stopped mode.

Parameter F06 = 000, Control method is as follows:





(2). PNP input signal:

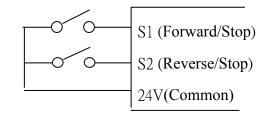
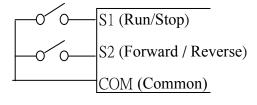


Figure 4-3a Fwd/stop-Reverse/Stop wiring detail

Parameter F06 = 001, Control method is as follows:

(1). NPN input signal:

(2). PNP input signal:



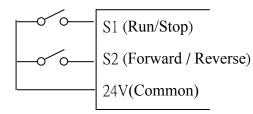
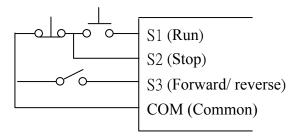


Figure 4-3b RUN/STOP-Forward/Reverse Wiring detail

Parameter F06 = 002, Control method is as follows:

(1). NPN input signal:

(2). PNP input signal:



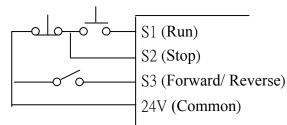


Figure 4-3c 3-WIRE Run/Stop detail

Note: In 3 wire control mode terminals S1-S3 are used, therefore parameters $F11\sim F13$ are ineffective.

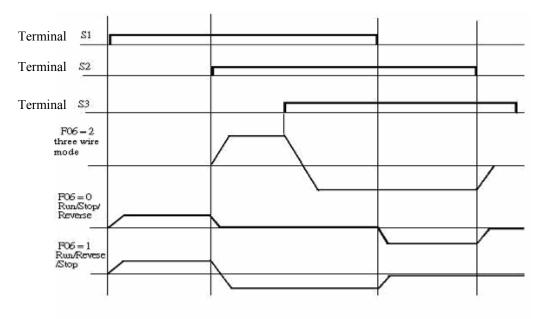


Figure 4-4 Control Method Sequences

Note: C00=001, reverse command is disabled.

F07 Frequency upper limit (Hz): 01.0 - 200 F08 Frequency lower limit (Hz): 00.0 - 200

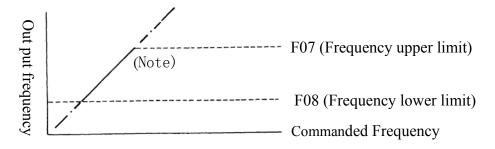


Figure 4-5 Frequency Limits

Note: If F07 = 0 Hz and frequency command = 0 Hz, the inverter will 0-speed stop. If F08 > 0 Hz and frequency command ≤ F08, inverter will run at F08 set value.

F09 Stopping method 000: Decelerate to stop 001: Free run (Coast) to stop

- 1.) F09 = 000: after receiving stop command, the motor will decelerate to stop according to setting of F02, deceleration time 1.
- 2.) F09 = 001: after receiving stop command, the motor will free-run (Coast) to stop.

F10 Status monitoring	000: Disable
display	001: Enable.

F10 = 001 displays motor current, voltage, DC bus voltage, and PID feedback.

	Chapter 4 Software index
F11~15	Selectable Functions for input terminals (S1-S4& AIN)
	000: Forward run
	001: Reverse run
	002: Preset speed command 1
	003: Preset speed command 2
	004: Preset speed command 3
	005: Jog frequency command
	006: External Emergency stop(E.S.)
	007: Base block (b.b.)
	008: Switch to 2nd acceleration/deceleration time
	009: Reset
	010: Up command
	011: Down command
	012: Control signal switch
	013: Communication mode. Disable – Enable.
	014: Acceleration/deceleration prohibit
	015: Master/Auxiliary speed switch
	016: PID function prohibit
	017: Analog frequency signal input (terminal AIN)
	018: PID feedback signal (terminal AIN)
	019: DC Brake signal
C1 AINI am TMO	and moulting from the primary terminals which can be get to the above 10 from tions

- 1.) S1-AIN on TM2 are multi-function input terminals which can be set to the above 19 functions.
- 2.) F11~F15 function description:

F11~F15=000/001(Forward/ Reverse)

Forward command ON sets the inverter running forward, while OFF stops, the inverter. F11 factory default is forward command.

Reverse command ON sets the inverter running reverse, While OFF, the inverter stops. F12 factory default is reverse command.

If forward -reverse command are ON at the same time the inverter is in Stop mode.

F11~F15=002~004(Preset speed command 1~3)

When run signal is applied and the selected external multi-function input terminal is on, the inverter will run at one of 8 preset speeds which are controlled by the status of the terminals. The corresponding speeds are programmed in parameters F28 to F36 as shown in the table below.

F11~F15=005(Jog frequency command)

When run signal is applied and the selected external multi-function input terminal is on and set to Jog speed, the inverter will run according to F36 setting.

Priority of the frequencies: Jog > preset speed

Preset Speed Command 3	Preset Speed Command 2	Preset Speed Command 1	Jog Frequency Command	Output frequency		
Set value=004	Set value=003	Set value=002	Set value=005	set value		
X	X	X	1	F36		
0	0 0		0	F28		
0	0 0		0	F29		
0	0 1		0	F30		
0	0 1		1 1		0	F31
1	0	0	0	F32		
1	1 0		0	F33		
1 1		0 0		F34		
1	1	1	0	F35		

F11~F15=006: Emergency Stop (E.S)

The inverter will decelerate to stop by C12 setting on receiving the external emergency stop signal regardless of F09 setting.

The display will be blinking with "E.S".

The inverter will only start again when the Emergency Stop signal is removed and the start signal is turned off and then on again (remote start mode) or the Run key is pressed (keypad mode).

Removing the Emergency Stop signal before the inverter has fully stopped will not inhibit the Emergency Stop operation.

Output relay can be set to Emergency. Stop fault by setting F21=008

F11~F15=007: Base Block (b.b.)

The inverter will stop immediately on receiving the Base Block signal regardless of the setting of F09 and blink "b.b". The inverter will auto restart at speed search when the Base Block signal is released.

F11~F15=008: Switching to 2nd acceleration/ deceleration time

When the external terminal is ON it selects the 2nd acceleration/ deceleration time. (see parameters C11,C12)

F11~F15=009: Reset command

When the reset command ON, the inverter will be disabled. Reset table faults will be cleared.

F11~F15=010/011: UP / DOWN function: (Controlled by acceleration/deceleration times)

Set F05=003, to enable the UP/DOWN function. Note: the UP/DOWN key on the Keypad is unavailable for changing frequency directly.

Set C40=000, When UP/DOWN terminal is ON, the inverter begins acceleration/deceleration to a frequency and stops acceleration/ deceleration when the UP/ DOWN signal has been released. The drive continues to run at the most recent set speed.

The inverter will decelerate to stop or free run to stop when the run command is OFF according to F09. The speed at which the inverter stops will be stored in F28.

NOTE: UP/DOWN key is now unavailable for modifying frequency. It should be modified by setting Parameter F28.

Set C40=001, The inverter will run from 0Hz on receiving run command.

UP/DOWN action is similar to the above description. When the run command is released, the inverter will decelerate to stop or free run to stop (0 Hz) according to the setting of F09.

The inverter will output from 0Hz in next operation.

Note: UP/ DOWN commands are disabled if both terminals are ON at the same time.

F11~F15=012: Control signal switch

External control terminal OFF: operation signal/ frequency signal is controlled by F04/F05. External control terminal ON: Operation signal/frequency signal is controlled by Keypad display.

F11~F15=013: Communication mode select.

External control terminal OFF: in communication, the inverter is controlled by master (PC or PLC) run/ frequency signal and allows parameter modification. The Keypad and TM2 run/frequency signal is not available for inverter at this time. The keypad is only available for display of voltage/ current/ frequency and read parameters but cannot modify them. It is also available for emergency stop.

External control terminal ON: PC/PLC can read and modify parameters. BUT all controls are from the keypad. (Not affected by settings of F04 & F05).

F11~F15=014: Acceleration/deceleration Disable.

When the external control terminal ON, the inverter will stop acceleration/ deceleration will the signal is released. The motion is as follows:

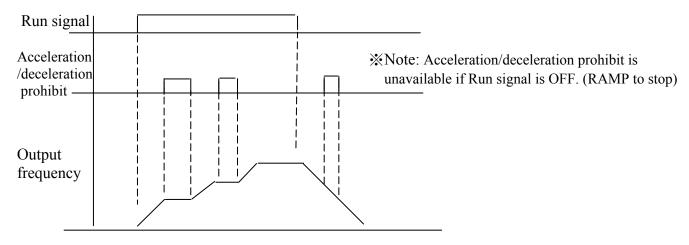


Figure 4-6 Acceleration/Deceleration Prohibit

F11~F15=015 Master/Auxiliary speed switch

- 1) F05=001, when one of the parameters F11~ F15 is set to 015, and multi-function input terminal is OFF, the frequency is set by the potentiometer on the Keypad(Master speed), When the multi-function input terminal is ON, the frequency is set by the analog signal on TM2 (Auxiliary speed AIN).
- 2.) F05=002, when one of the parameters F11~ F15 is set to 015, and multi-function input terminal is OFF, the frequency is set by the analog signal on TM2,

(Master Auxiliary speed AIN); While multi-function input terminal is ON, the frequency is set by the potentiometer on the Keypad (Auxiliary speed).

F11~F15=016 (PID function Disable)

When input terminal is on, PID functions set by C30 are disabled.

When input terminal is the PID functions are enabled.

F15=017 Analog frequency signal input (Terminal AIN)

Frequency reference can be set by 0-10Vdc or 4-20mA on terminal AIN as set by F16 and SW2.

F15=018 PID Feedback signal input (Terminal AIN)

PID feedback can be connected to AIN terminal 0-10Vdc/0 \sim 20mA or 2 \sim 10V/4-20mA as set by F16 and SW2.

F11~F15=019 DC Brake signal

When TM2 DC Brake signal is OFF, and the brake time of F37 has not been over , then brake time is according to set value of F37; When TM2 DC Brake signal is ON, and the brake time of F37 has already been over , the brake is stopped according to DC Brake signal OFF of TM2.

F16 AIN signal select

000: 0~10V/0~20mA 001: 2~10V/4~20mA

F16: AIN signal select: set SW2 to appropriate V/I signal selection

F16=000: 0~10V/0~20mA F16=001: 2~10V/4~20mA

F17 AIN Gain (%) 000 - 200 F18 AIN Bias (%) 000 - 100

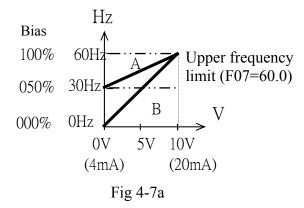
- 1.) F19= 000: 0V (4mA) corresponding to lower frequency limit, 10V (20mA) corresponding to upper frequency limit.
- 2.) F19= 001: 10V (20mA) corresponding to lower frequency limit, 0V (4mA) corresponding to upper frequency limit.

Fig 4-7a setting:

	F17	F18	F19	F20
A	100%	050%	000	000
В	100%	000%	000	000

Fig 4-7b setting:

	F17	F18 F19		F20
С	100%	050%	000	001
D	100%	000%	000	001



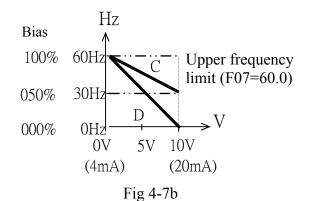


Fig 4-7c setting:

	F17	F18	F19	F20
Е	100%	020%	001	000

Fig 4-7d setting:

	F17	F18	F19	F20
F	100%	050%	001	001

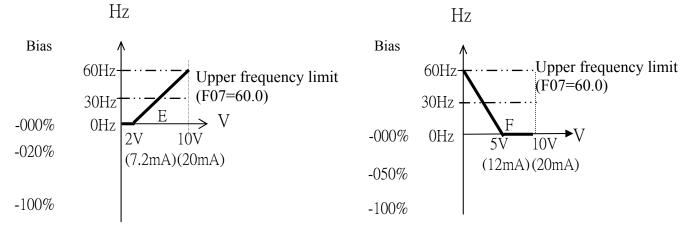


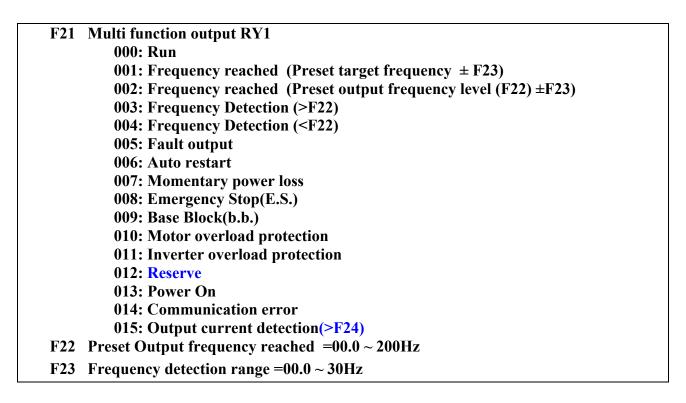
Fig 4-7c

Fig 4-7d

F19 AIN Bias:	000: Positive 001: Negative
F20 AIN signal slope direction.	000: Positive 001: Negative
C45 AIN signal scan time confirm	nation. (mSec × 8): 001 – 100

Refer to F17/F18 description

The inverter reads A/D average value every C45 x 8mS. The user can set scan interval time according to noise levels in the operation environment. Extend C45 if noise is a problem, however the response speed will be slower.



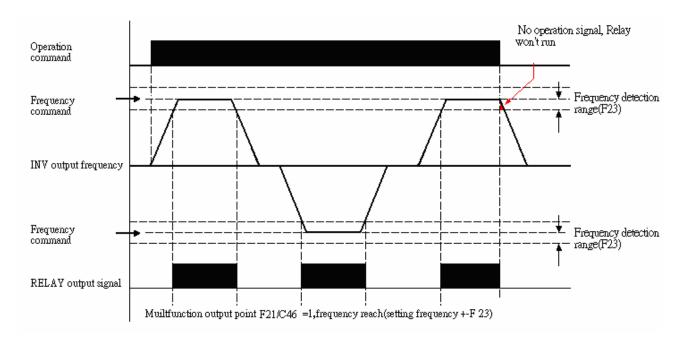


Figure 4-8a Frequency Reached (F21/C46=1)

F21/C46=002 Preset output Frequency F22 ± F23 reached.

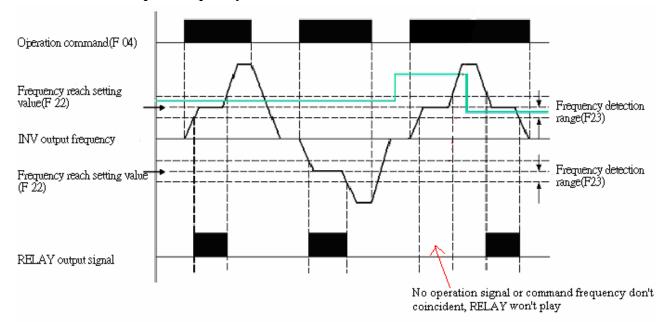


Figure 4-8b Frequency Reached (F21/C46=2)

F21/C46=003 Frequency detection Fout>F22

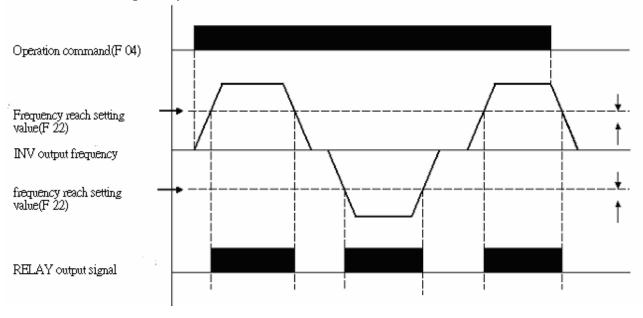


Figure 4-8c Frequency Detection (F21/C46=3)

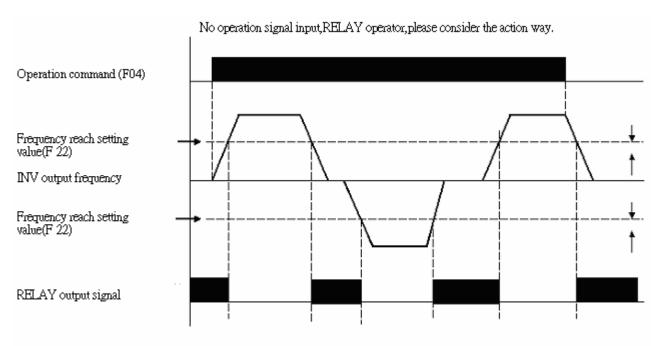


Figure 4-8d Frequency Detection (F21/C46=4)

F24 Output current reached setting value

F25 Output current detection time

- F21: Output current detection value >F24
- C46: Output current detection value >F24

When setting value is 015

- F24: Setting value (000~100%) by motor rated current (F43)
- F25: Setting value (00.0~25.5) unit : sec

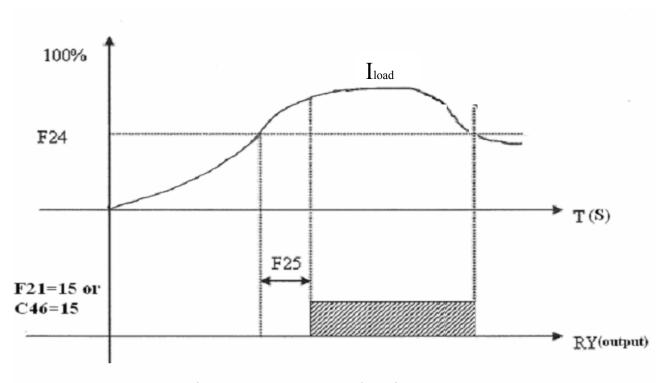


Figure 4-9 Output current detection

Multi-function analog output:

F26 Multi-function output analog type selection

001: Set frequency002: Output frequency003: DC voltage

004: Output current 005: PID feedback signal

F27 Multi-function analog output gain = $000 \sim 200\%$

0-10 Vdc output from the FM+ multi-function analog output terminal.

Output can be set to any of the above selections.

F27 is used to scale the output signal supplied to the externally connected analog device.

F26=005, PID Feedback. The analog input to terminal AIN (0-10vdc or 4-20mA), will be outputted from terminal FM+ as 0-10Vdc.

Please refer to page 4-36 to get more information.

Note: Due to hardware limits, the max output voltage from FM+ terminal will be limited to 10V.

Keypad, jog, and preset frequency setting (MFIT):

Note1: Frequency selection will be made according to the setting of terminals S1-S4 & AIN and also setting of parameters F11 – F15 as required.

Note2: Selected preset frequency values should be programmed in parameters F28- F36 as required.

1) F11~F15=002-004 (Preset frequency Command 1~3)

When the run signal is applied and any of the selected multi-function input terminals is ON, the inverter will run at the preset frequency according to the table below.

2) F11~F15=005 (Jog Frequency Command)

External input terminal is set to Jog operation. When ON, the inverter will run at Jog frequency.

Parameter	Description	Frequency range	Factory default
F28	Preset frequency 1 (Hz)	00.0 - 200	05.0
F29	Preset frequency 2 (Hz)	00.0 - 200	05.0
F30	Preset frequency 3 (Hz)	00.0 - 200	10.0
F31	Preset frequency 4 (Hz)	00.0 - 200	20.0
F32	Preset frequency 5 (Hz)	00.0 - 200	30.0
F33	Preset frequency 6 (Hz)	00.0 - 200	40.0
F34	Preset frequency 7 (Hz)	00.0 - 200	50.0
F35	Preset frequency 8 (Hz)	00.0 - 200	60.0
F36	Jog frequency (Hz)	00.0 - 200	05.0

Set frequency priority: Jog→ Preset frequency →External analog frequency signal

Preset Frequency Command 3 Set value =004	Command 2 Command 1		Jog frequency Command Set value =005	Output frequency
0	0 0		0	F28
0	0 0		0	F29
0	0 1		0	F30
0	0 1		0	F31
1	1 0		0	F32
1	1 0		0	F33
1	1 1		0 0	
1	1	1	0	F35
X	X	X	1	F36

HZ

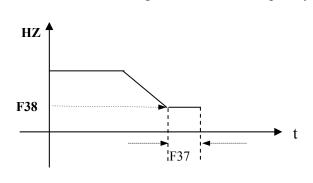
F38

F37 DC braking time (s): $00.0 \sim 25.5$

F38 DC braking start frequency (Hz): 01.0~10.0

F39 DC braking level (%): 00.0~20.0%

F37 / F38: DC braking time and start frequency, per the following figure:



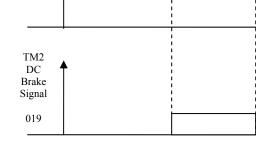


Figure 4-10 DC Injection Braking

F40 Carrier frequency (KHz): 004-016

Set this parameter to a level from 4-16KHz as required. (Default is 10 KHz).

*Note: In situations where there is excessive audible noise from the motor or it is required to reduce electrical noise from the inverter caused by use of long cable then the carrier frequency can be adjusted as follows:

- To reduce noise due to long cable decrease carrier frequency.
- To reduce motor audible noise increase carrier frequency. However the output current from the inverter will be de-rated according to the table on page 4-24.
- When output current is over the full load current of inverter, the carrier frequency will be decreased automatically.

F40	Carrier frequency						
004	4KHz	008	8KHz	012	12KHz	016	16KHz
005	5KHz	009	9KHz	013	13KHz		
006	6KHz	010	10KHz	014	14KHz		
007	7KHz	011	11KHz	015	15KHz		

Corresponding list of current and carrier frequency

Model Carrier frequency	EV-1P2/2P2 H1/H1F/H3	EV-1P5/2P5 H1/H1F/H3		EV-202 H1/H1F/H3	EV-203 H1/H1F/H3	EV-401 H3/H3F	EV-402 H3/H3F	EV-403 H3/H3F
4~10K	1.7	3.1	4.2	7.5	10.5	2.3	3.8	5.2
12K	1.7	3.1	4.2	7.5	10.5	2.2	2.2	3.7
14K	1.6	3.0	4.0	7.0	10.0	2.2	2.2	3.6
16K	1.5	2.8	3.8	6.8	8.7	2.1	2.1	3.5

F41 Auto restart on momentary power loss. 000: Enable

001: Disable

F41=000: Auto restart after a momentary power loss is enabled on resumption of power and applying the run signal, according to setting of parameter F4.

The Inverter will carry out an auto speed search, once the motor rotation speed is found then it will accelerate to the running speed before the power loss.

F41=001: Disable.

F42 Auto restart times: $000 \sim 005$

- 1.) F42=000: The inverter will not auto-restart on fault trip.
- 2.) F42>000

The Inverter will carry out an auto search 0.5 sec after the fault trip, and while the inverter output is switched off and the motor is coasting to stop.

Once the rotation speed is determined the inverter will accelerate or decelerate to speed before the fault.

3.) When OL1, OL2, OH, BB faults happens, Auto restart doesn't work.

Note: Auto restart doesn't work while DC injection braking or deceleration to stop is performed.

- F43 Motor rated current (A)
- F44 Motor rated voltage (Vac)
- F45 Motor rated frequency (Hz)
- F46 Motor rated power (KW)
- F47 Motor rated speed (RPM): F47 X 10= Motor rated speed

F48 Torque boost gain (Vector), C14=000

Performance: If the motor load is determined to be too large increase the output torque.

$$\Delta Te = I \times Gain$$
(load current) (compensation gain)

• Torque/Speed curve pattern:

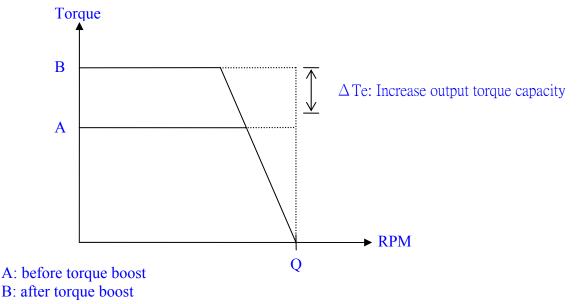


Figure 4-11 Output Torque Capacity

- Operating frequency range: 0~Motor rate frequency
- When the motor output torque is not enough and increase F48 setting value.
- When the motor is erratic or vibrates decrease F48 setting value.
- The max. Output torque limit to the inverter is current rated.
- If increase F48 setting value then the output current is too large. Please increase C49 setting value on the same time.

F49 Slip compensation gain (vector), C14=000

Performance: If the motor load appears too large, increase slip compensation.

$$\Delta F_{slip} \; \doteq \; \begin{array}{c} I \; \times \; Gain \\ \text{(load current)} \; \; \text{(compensation gain)} \end{array}$$

• Torque/Speed curve pattern:

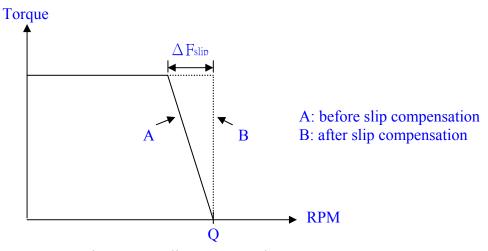


Figure 4-12 Slip Compensation

- Operating frequency range: 0~motor rated frequency.
- When the motor output rotation speed is too low increase F49 setting value.
- When the motor is erratic or vibrates, decrease F48 setting value.
- The max. output rotation speed limit to the motor max. setting frequency.
- If increase F49 setting value then the output current is too large. Increase C48 setting value at the same time.

F50 Low frequency voltage compensation, C14=000

Performance: During low frequency

Increase F50 setting value to increase output voltage and low frequency torque.

Decrease F50 setting value to decrease output voltage and low frequency torque.

• Output voltage/frequency curve pattern:

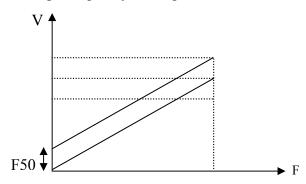


Figure 4-13 Low Frequency Voltage Compensation

• Operating frequency range: 0~12HZ / 60HZ

0~10HZ / 50HZ

• During low frequency use:

When the motor output torque is insufficient, increase F50 setting value.

When the motor is vibrating excessively, decrease F50 setting value.

F51 Advanced parameter function 000:Disable access to advanced parameters (Group C) display 001:Enable access to advanced parameters (Group C)

F51=000. Parameter group C can not be displayed or accessed.

F51=001. Enable display and access to parameter group C.

F52 Factory default	010: Reset parameters to factory default (50Hz)
	020: Reset parameters to factory default (60Hz)

F53 Software version	
----------------------	--

F54 Fault records (Latest 3 times)

Advanced Parameters List (Group C parameters)

1101 (00110 0 01 1 001 001110 0 01 1	2230 (32302)	pur urrever s)
C00 Reverse run	000: Reverse	enable
	001: Reverse	e disable

When F04=000 and C00=001, F03 (motor direction) is disabled, the inverter is set to forward operation.

When F04=001 or 002, and C00=001, reverse command is disabled.

C01 Acceleration stall-prevention:

=000: Enable Stall prevention during Acceleration.

=001: Disable Stall prevention during Acceleration.

C02 Acceleration stall-prevention level: 050% ~ 200%

C03 Deceleration stall-prevention:

= 000: Enable Stall prevention during deceleration.

= 001: Disable Stall prevention during deceleration.

C04 Deceleration stall-prevention level: 050% ~ 200%

C05 Run stall-prevention:

= 000: Enable Stall prevention in Run mode.

= 001: Disable Stall prevention in Run mode.

C06 Run stall-prevention level: 050% ~ 200%

C07 Stall prevention time during run mode.

= 000: Set by parameter F02 (Deceleration 1).

= 001: Set by parameter C08.

C08 Stall prevention deceleration time: 00.1 ~ 999s

- 1.) When the Acceleration time is set too low, the inverter could trip on Over Current (OC). If the time can not be increased then trip prevention can be used. A trip prevention level has to be programmed. When the inverter detects this level it holds the acceleration until the current is below this set level and then continues with acceleration.
- 2.) When the Deceleration time is set too low the inverter could trip on Over Voltage (OV). If the time can not be increased then trip prevention can be used. A trip prevention level has to be programmed. When the inverter detects this level it holds the deceleration until the voltage is below this set level and then continues with deceleration.
- 3.) The Inverter could trip (Stall) during run mode due to an impact load or sudden change of the load.

Stall prevention in run mode will detect a programmed stall level (C06) for a period of time (C07). If the level exceeds C06, then the inverter reduces its frequency (speed) to provide the required additional torque to overcome the stall. Once this level is below the programmed stall level, then it ramps up to its normal running speed.

C09 Direct start on power up
000: Enable direct start on power up.
001: Disable direct start on power up.



1.) When C09=000 and external run mode (F04=001), the inverter will auto start when the power is supplied to the inverter and the run switch is ON.

This feature should only be considered when all safety implications of its use have been investigated. (Risk assessment for maintenance, use of warning labels etc.) We recommend that this mode stay disabled.

2.) When C09=001 and external run mode (F04=001), the inverter will not auto start when power is supplied and the RUN switch is ON.

Inverter display will blink "SP1" error message. It can only restart after the RUN switch was

turned off and ON again.

C10 Reset mode 000: Reset is enable when RUN switch is OFF.	
	001: Reset is enable with RUN switch OFF or ON.

C10=000. Fault can not be reset, therefore the inverter can not start when the RUN switch is in ON position. (F4=001)

C11 2nd acceleration time (s): 00.1 – 999	
C12 2nd deceleration time (s): 00.1 – 999 for emergency Stop reference	

C13 Fan control	000: Auto-run by temperature 001: Run when inverter running
	002: Always run.
1	003: Always stop.

- 1.) C13=000: The fan will auto run at or above a set certain temperature in order to extend the life span of the fan.
- 2.) C13=001: The fan runs as long as inverter is running.
- 3.) C13=002: The fan runs as long as power is supplied.
- 3.) C13=003: The fan does not run at any time.

C14 Control mode	Vector control or V/F control
C17 Max. output frequency (HZ)	= 50.0 - 200 Hz
C18 Output voltage ratio at max. frequency (%)	= 00.0 - 100%
C19 Mid frequency (HZ)	= 00.1 - 200Hz
C20 Output voltage ratio at mid. frequency (%)	= 00.0 - 100%
C21 Min. output frequency (HZ)	= 00.1 - 200Hz
C22 Output voltage ratio at min. frequency (%)	= 00.0 - 100%

C17~C22 please refer to C15 description

C15 Preset V/F patterns = 1-7

C15 = 007. Select user-set v/f pattern by setting parameters C17 \sim C22.

See the diagram below. Care should be taken when this feature is used as improper setting of these parameters will have an adverse effect on motor performance.

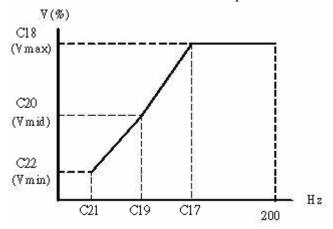


Figure 4-14a User configured V/F pattern

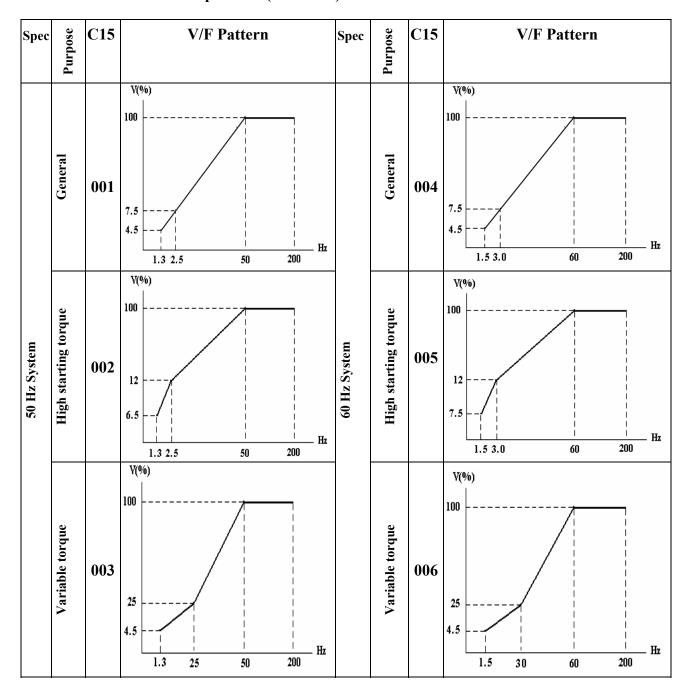


Figure 4-14b Pre-configured V/F patterns

C16 VF base output voltage set

At C17=60HZ

C18=100%

For 200~240V, patterns based an output voltage are shown below. (Corresponding settings for 400-480 volts input: multiply by 2)

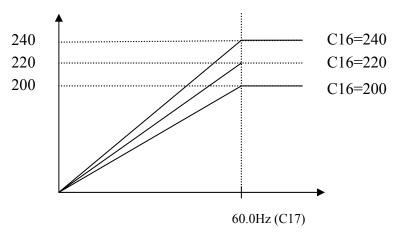


Figure 4-15 V/HZ curves with varying base voltages

When the output voltage is set higher than the input voltage, the max output voltage is limited to the max input voltage.

C25 Motor no load current (A)

Motor no load current varies with inverter capacity F00. Please adjust according the actual conditions.

```
C26 Electronic thermistor protection for motor (OL1):

000: Protection Enabled

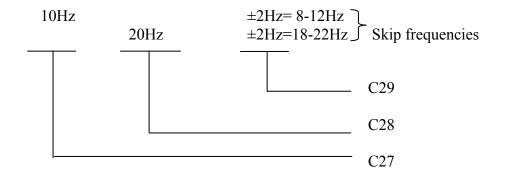
001: Protection Disabled

C27 Skip frequency 1 (Hz): 00.0 –200

C28 Skip frequency 2 (Hz): 00.0 –200

C29 Skip frequency range (± Hz): 00.0 –30.0
```

Example: C27=10.0Hz/C28=20.0Hz / C29=02.0Hz



C30 PID operation mode

000: PID Function disabled.

001: PID Control, Deviation is derivative controlled 002: PID Control, Feedback is derivative controlled. 003: Same as 001 but (reverse characteristics control).

004: Same as 002 but (reverse characteristics control).

C30 =1: D is the deviation of PID error in the unit time (C34).

- =2: D is the deviation of feedback value in the unit time (C34).
- =3: D is the deviation of PID error in the unit time (C34). If the deviation is positive, the output frequency decreases, and vice versa.
- =4: D is the deviation of feedback value in unit time (C34). When the deviation is positive, the frequency decreases, and vice versa.

C31 PID error gain: 0.00 - 10.0

C31 is PID error gain, that is feedback value = feedback value \times C31.

C32 P: Proportional gain : 0.00 - 10.0

C32: Proportional gain for P control.

C33 I: Integral time (s): 00.0 - 100

C33: Integral time for I control

C34 D: Differential time (s): 0.00 - 10.0

C34: Differential time for D control.

C35 PID offset 000: Positive direction

001: Negative direction

C36 PID offset adjust (%): 000 ~ 109%

PID operation result can be adjusted by C36 (C35 effects the polarity of C36).

C37 PID update time (s): 00.0 - 02.5

C37: the refresh time of the PID output command.

Note: PID function is used in flow control, external fan wind volume control, and temperature control. See flow control diagram below.

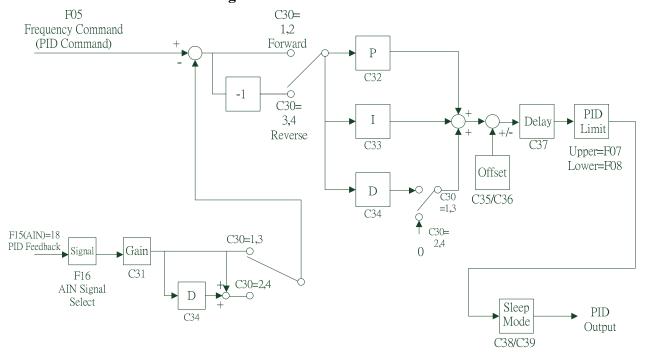


Figure 4-16 PID flow control diagram

- 1. In PID mode select, AIN on TM2 is the PID feedback signal (Set F15=018.)
- 2. The PID command (set point) is selected by parameter F05 (selections 000 & 001). This value is stored in F28.

C38 PID Sleep start frequency (Hz) 00.0~200Hz

C39 PID Sleep delay time (sec) 00.0~25.5sec

PID sleep mode requires setting all functions below

C30=001~004(PID Enable)

F15=018(AIN is PID feedback signal)

F28=PID preset frequency

C38 sleep start frequency, unit: Hz

C39 PID sleep delay time, unit: Sec

When PID output frequency becomes lower than the PID sleep start frequency (C38) for a period of time (C39), then the inverter output will decelerate to zero speed(Sleep mode). When the PID output frequency becomes higher than the sleep start frequency (C38), the inverter output accelerates to PID output frequency (Wake mode). Refer to figure 4-17.

.

Timing diagram is as following:

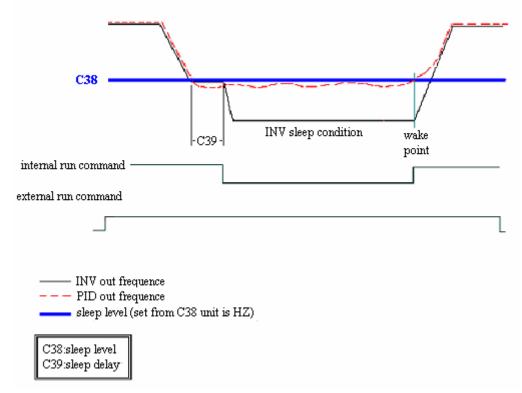


Figure 4-17 Sleep/ Wake Mode

C40 Frequency Up/Down control using MFIT:

000: When using Up/Down command, the set frequency by this function will be stored after the inverter stops.

UP/DOWN function is not available in stop mode.

001: When using Up/Down command, the set frequency will be reset to 0Hz after the inverter stops.

002: When using Up/Down command, the set frequency will be stored after the inverter stops. UP/DOWN function is available in stop mode.

1) C40=000: when the RUN signal is ON, the inverter will accelerate to the F28 setting then continue to run at the set command speed. When UP/DOWN terminal is activated, the inverter begins to accelerate/decelerate until the signal is released then. It run at the reached speed.

When the RUN signal is OFF, the inverter decelerates to stop (or coasts to stop) according to the setting of F09. The last output frequency when the RUN signal is OFF, will be stored in F28.

UP/DOWN Key is unavailable in stop. The stored frequency can not be changed by Up/Down Terminal, but can be changed by the content of F28 by keypad.

- 2) C40=001: the inverter will run from 0 Hz as the run signal is applied. UP/DOWN operation method is same as C40=000. But on next RUN signal is ON, inverter always starts up from 0Hz.
- 3) C40=002: Same as when C40=001 but UP/DOWN is available while in stop mode.

C41 Local /Remote control select description

• Local mode

Run command

The Run/Stop pad on the keypad controls inverter F04 setting has no effect on control.

Frequency command

When C41=000: the UP/DOWN pad on the keypad controls the drive and the F05 setting has no effect.

When C41=001: the potentiometer on the keypad controls frequency, and F05 setting has no effect

• Remote mode

Run command is by the run parameter (F04) setting Frequency command from the frequency parameter (F05) setting

• Control select mode is changed by simultaneously pressing V/RESET and DATA/ENT keys (Drive must be in stop mode)

C42/43 (option card)	S5/S6 terminal on MFIT Setting
	000: Forward
	001: Reverse
	002: Preset speed command 1
	003: Preset speed command 2
	004: Preset speed command 3
	005: Jog Frequency Command
	006: Emergency Stop (E.S.)
	007: Base Block (b.b.)
	008: Switching to 2 nd acceleration/ deceleration time.
	009: Reset
	010: Up Command
	011: Down Command
	012: Control signal switch
	013: Communication control signal switch
	014: Acceleration/ deceleration disable
	015: Master/ auxiliary speed switch
	016: PID function disable
	019: DC Brake signal

Refer to F11~F14

```
C44: Multi-function input terminal S1~S6 signal scan time (N. msec \times 8), N = (1~100 times). C45: AIN signal scan time (N. msec \times 8), N = (1~100 times).
```

- 1.) If the C44 scan time is set to 80 ms as an example (i.e N=10) then digital input signals on for less than 80 msec will be ignored.
- 2.) If the scan signal is seen for N times (scan times), the inverter takes it as signal change. If it is seen for less than N times, it is seed as noise. One scan time: 8ms.
- 3.) User can set scan interval time according to noise in the operation environment. Extend C44/C45 if noise is a problem, however this will reduce the scan response time.

C46 (Option card) Multi-function output T+, T-000: Run 001: Frequency reached [Preset target frequency \pm F23] 002: Frequency reached [Preset output frequency level (F22) \pm F23] 003: Frequency detection (>F22) 004: Frequency detection (<F22) 005: Fault. 006: Auto-restart 007: Momentary power loss 008: Emergency Stop (E.S.) **009: Base Block (b.b.)** 010: Motor overload protection 011: Inverter overload protection 012: Reserve 013: Power ON 014: Communication error

Refer to F21 description:

C47 Remote keypad control selection 000: Disable 001: Enable. Operation according to F09 on signal loss. 002: Enable. Operation at the last set frequency on signal loss.

- (Stop mode by Inverter keypad or F04 parameter as appropriate).

 1. Before Remote keypad installed, set C47 to 001 or 002 by main keypad, then POWER OFF and install the Remote keypad.
- 2. When C47=001, C49~C53 set parameter disable the following parameters will be auto set: Inverter communication address: No 1, Data bytes: 8 bit, Baud rated (bps): 38400, Parity bytes: no parity, Stop bytes: 1 bit.
- 3. Set C47 to 000 by main keypad after Remote keypad removed.

015: Output current detection(>F24)

4. C47 can't be changed by Remote keypad.

Note: 1. For safety reason, please install or remove Remote keypad when POWER OFF.

- 2. If the Remote keypad installed while POWER ON and in stop mode, the inverter will be controlled by Remote keypad.
- 3. If the Remote keypad installed while POWER ON and in run mode, the inverter will be controlled by main keypad, it will not be effective until the inverter has stopped.

C48 Copy module	000: Copy module Disabled
	001: Copy to module from inverter (Read)
	002: Copy to inverter from module (write)
	003: Read/ write check (Compare the parameters).

Note: Module copy function is applicable only to inverters with the same voltage and KW rating.

C49 Inverter communication address: 001~254

C49 set communication address, for the specific inverter when multi-inverters are controlled by communication method.

C50 Baud rate (bps)	
000: 4800	
001: 9600	
002: 19200	
003: 38400	

C51 Stop bit	000: 1 Stop bit 001: 2 Stop bit
C52 Parity bit	000: No parity 001: Even parity 002: Odd parity
C53 Data bits	000: 8 bits data 001: 7 bits data

1. RS-485 communication: (requires RS485 port device)

1 to 1 control: PC or PLC or controller controls one inverter (C49 is set to 001~254).

1 to multiple drives control: PC or PLC or other controllers control several inverters (up to 254 inverters with C49 set as 001~254). When the communication address =000, the inverter is controlled by communication regardless of the C49 setting.

2. RS-232communication: (requires RS232 port)

1 to 1 control: PC or PLC or controller controls one inverter (C49 is set to 001~254).

Note: a. The BAUD RATE(C50) and communication format (C51/C52/C53) of PC (or PLC or other controller) and inverter should be the same.

- **b**. The inverter will validate the modified parameters after the parameters modified by PC.
- c. Communication protocol: refer to EV communication protocol description.
- d. Parameter C49~C53 can't be changed via communication module

C54/ C55 Communication time-out detection time / Communication time-out operation selection

(1) Time-out detection time: 00.0~25.5sec; setting 00.0 sec: disable time-out function.

Default: 00.0sec

Communication time-out detection enable or not is according to C54, not relationship with Run/Frequency command.

(2) Time-out operation selection:

000: Deceleration to stop (F02: Deceleration time 1).

001: Free run to stop.

002: Deceleration to stop (C12: Deceleration time 2).

003: Continue operating.

Default=000

Reset method:

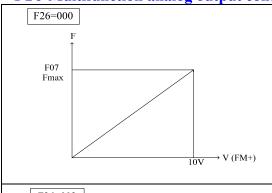
- a. Push the "Reset" button directly.
- b. Receive correct Modbus data from Master.

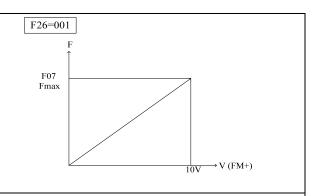
After communication time-out, the motor decelerates to stop (C55 = 000, 001, 002). And the motor does not run automatic after reset, the inverter must set the run command again to restart

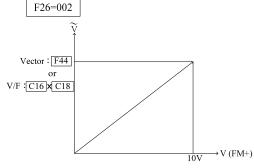
- *Cannot be modified during communication.
- *Detail list please see Appendix.

^{*}Cannot be modified during communication.

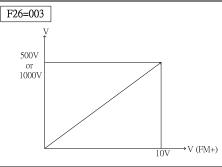
F26 Multifunction analog output control:



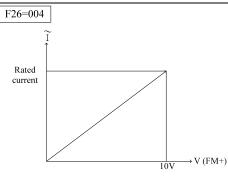




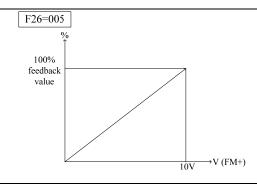
- 1. When C14=0 (vector) FM+ 0~10V corresponds to 0~ motor rated voltage (F44)
- 2. When C14=1 (V/F) FM+ $0\sim10$ V corresponds to $0\sim$ V/F base output voltage set (C16) x Max output frequency voltage ratio % (C18)



200V class: FM+ $0\sim10V$ corresponds to $0\sim500Vdc$ 400V class: FM+ $0\sim10V$ corresponds to $0\sim1000Vdc$



Ex. The rated current of 201 is 4.5A, FM+ 0~10V corresponds to 0~4.5A



- 1. When C-30≠0, FM+ 0~10V corresponds to 0~100% feedback value.
- 2. When C30=0 FM+ $0\sim10$ V corresponds to $0\sim10$ V or $0\sim20$ mA on S6.

Chapter 5 Troubleshooting and maintenance

5.1Trouble indication and corrective action

5.1.1 Fault/ Error display and Diagnostics

1. Un- reset able / un recoverable Errors

Display	Error	Cause	Corrective Action
EPR	EEPROM problem	EEPROM problem	Change EEPROM
@ OV	Over voltage during stop	Voltage Detection circuit malfunction	Repair or replace unit
@ LV	Under voltage during stop	 Power voltage too low Restraining resistor or fuse burnt out. Detection circuit malfunctions 	 Check if the power voltage is correct or not Replace the restraining resistor or the fuse repair or replace unit
(a) OH	The inverter is overheated during stop	 Thermal Detection circuit malfunction Ambient temperature too high or bad ventilation 	1. Repair or replace unit 2. Improve ventilation conditions
CTR	Current transducer detection error	Current transducer or circuit error.	Repair or replace unit

Note: "@" the Failure contact does not operate.

2. Errors which can be recovered both manually and automatically

Display	Error	Cause	Corrective Action	
OCS	Over current at start	1.Motor winding and frame short circuit 2.Motor and ground short circuit 3.Power module is damaged	 Check the motor Check the wiring Replace the power module 	
OCD	Over-current at deceleration	The preset deceleration time is too short	Set a longer deceleration time	
OCA	Over-current at acceleration	 Acceleration time is too short The capacity of the motor is higher than the capacity of the inverter Short circuit between the motor winding and frame. Short circuit between motor wiring and earth IGBT module is damaged 	2. Replace the inverter with the same or greater capacity as that of the motor3. Check the motor	
OCC		 Transient load change Transient power change 	Increase inverter capacity	
OVC	Over voltage during operation/ deceleration	 Deceleration time setting is too short or excessive load inertia Power voltage varies widely 	 Set a longer deceleration time Add a braking resistor or braking unit Add a reactor at the input line side Increase inverter capacity 	
ОНС	High heat sink temperature during operation	1. Heavy load 2. Ambient temperature too high or bad ventilation	 Check if there are any problems with the load Increase inverter capacity Improve ventilation conditions Inspect the setting value of parameter C13 	
СОТ	time-out	 C54 communication time-out detection time is too short. Inverter communication is broke. Inverter can not receive the correct Modbus data within detection time. 	 Increase C54 communication time-out detection time. Keep the inverter communication. Check the received Modbus data is correct from Master. 	

3. Errors which can only be recovered manually (no auto-restart)

Display	Error	Cause	Corrective Action
ОС	Over-current during stop	 OC Detection circuit malfunction Bad connection for CT signal cable 	Send the inverter back for repair
OL1	Motor overload	 Heavy load Improper settings of F43 	 Increase motor capacity Set F43 correctly according to motor nameplate.
OL2	Inverter overload	Excessively heavy load	Increase inverter capacity
LVC	Under voltage during operation	 Power voltage too low Power voltage varies widely 	 Improve power quality. Set a longer acceleration time Add a reactor at the power input side Contact technical support

5.1.2 Set up Configuration, Interface Errors.

Display	Error	Description		
SP0	Zero speed stop	Set frequency is <0.1Hz Increase set frequency		
SP1	Fail to start directly	1. If the inverter is set to external control mode (F04=001), and direct start is disabled (C09=001), the inverter cannot be started and will flash STP1 when the Run switch is ON when applying power (see descriptions of C09).		
		2. Direct start is possible when C09=000.		
SP2 inverted stop ke switch to		 If the inverter is set to external control mode (F04=001), the inverter will stop according to the setting of F9 when the stop key is pressed. STP2 flashes after stop. Turn the Run switch to OFF and then ON again to restart the inverter. If the inverter is in communication mode and Stop key is 		
	emergency stop	enabled, the inverter will stop in the way set by F9 when Stop key is pressed during operation and then flashes STP2. The PC has to send a Stop command then a Run command to the inverter for it to be restarted.		
E.S.	External emergency stop	The inverter will decelerate to stop and flashes E.S. when there is an external emergency stop signal via the multi-function input terminals(see descriptions of F11~F14).		
b.b.	External base block	The inverter stops immediately and then flashes b.b. when external base block is input through the multi-functional input terminal (see descriptions of F11~F14).		
PID	PID feedback signal loss	PID feedback signal circuit error detection		
	REMOTE KEYPAD cable broken	 When REMOTE KEYPAD does not connect with inverter, this signal will be displayed on the Remote keypad. When REMOTE KEYPAD connects with inverter, this signal will be displayed on the main keypad. When both REMOTE KEYPAD and main KEYPAD display this signal means communication errors. 		

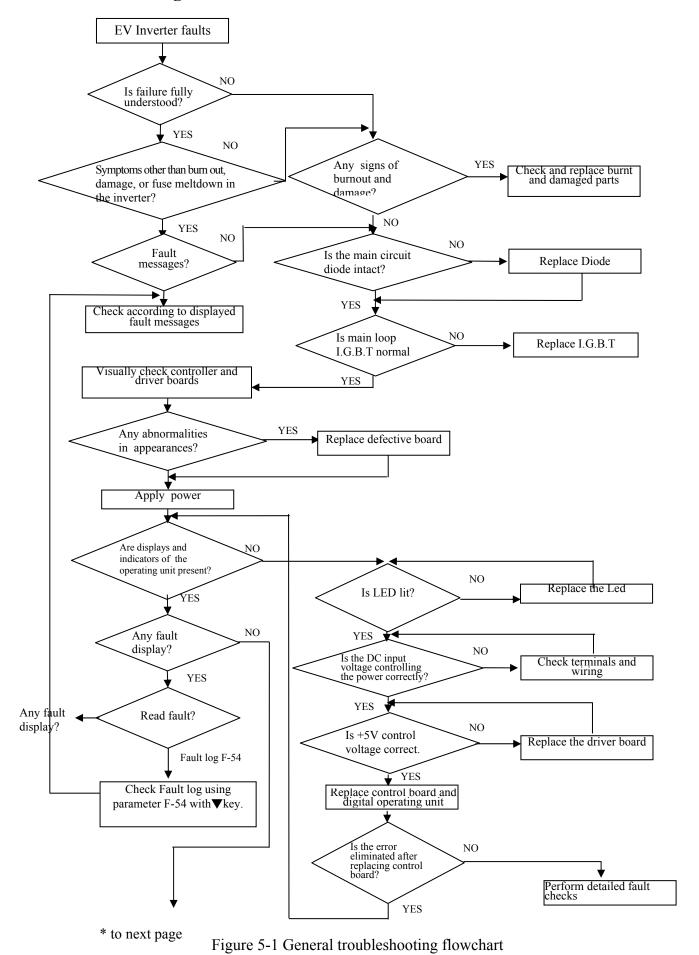
5.1.3 Keypad operation error description

Display	Error	Cause	Corrective Action
Er1	Key operation error	 Attempt to Press ▲ or ▼ keys when F05> 0 or in speed operation. Attempt to modify parameters, which can not be modified during Run (see parameter list). 	 1. ▲ or ▼ keys can be used to modify frequencies only when F05=0. 2. Modify parameters only in stop mode.
Er2	Parameter setting error	1.F07 is within ranges of C27±C29or C28±C29 2.F07 <f08 f07="F08</td" or=""><td>1. Modify F32~F33 2. 3-00>3-01</td></f08>	1. Modify F32~F33 2. 3-00>3-01
Er5	Modification of parameter is not allowed during communication	 Issue a control command during communication disabled Modify C49~C53 during communication. Change C47 by remote keypad. 	 Issue the enabling command before while communicating. Set up parameters before communicating. Change C47 by inverter keypad.
Er6	Communication error	 Incorrect wiring. Incorrect settings of communication parameters. Check-sum error. Incorrect communication verification. 	 Check the hardware and wiring. Check C49~C53
Er7	Incorrect parameter settings	1. Attempt to modify F00 2. Voltage and current detection circuits are malfunctioning.	Reset inverter or contact technical support
EP1		 Set C48=1.2, can not connect with Copy Unit. Copy Unit failure. The voltage and drive rating on Copy Unit & the inverter are different. 	1.Modify C48 2.Change Copy Unit 3.Copy from keypad to inverter with only matched HP ratings
EP2	Parameters do not match	Copy the parameter to inverter to verify the parameter not matched.	 Change Copy Unit The voltage and HP rating of Copy Unit is different than the inverter.

5.2 General functional troubleshooting

Status	Checking point	Corrective Action	
	Is power applied to L1, L2, and L3(N) terminals (is the charging indicator lit)?	 Is the power applied? Turn the power OFF and then ON again. Make sure the input line voltage is correct. 	
		Make sure all terminal screws are secured firmly.	
Motor does not	Are there voltage outputs on T1, T2, and T3 terminals?	Turn the power OFF and then ON again.	
run	Is the motor mechanically overloaded?	Reduce the load to improve performance.	
	Are there any problems with the inverter?		
	Has the forward or reverse run commands been issued?	See error descriptions to check wiring and correct if necessary.	
	Is there an analog input signal?	 Is analog frequency input signal wiring correct? Is frequency input voltage correct?	
	Is operation mode setting correct?	Configure operations through the digital panel	
Motor rotates in the wrong	Are wiring for output terminals T1, T2, and T3 correct?	• Wiring must match U, V, and W terminals of the motor.	
direction	Are wiring for forward and reverse signals correct?	Check wiring and correct if necessary.	
Motor rotates in the wrong	Are wiring for output terminals T1, T2, and T3 correct?	Check wiring and correct if necessary.	
direction The motor	Is the setting of frequency command source correct?	Check the operation mode setting on the keypad.	
speed can not vary	Is the load too large?	Reduce the applied load.	
	Is the setting of operation mode correct?	• Confirm the motor's specifications.	
Motor running	Is the load too large?	Confirm the gear ratio.	
at too high or too low speeds.	Are specifications of the motor (poles, voltage) correct?	Confirm the highest output frequency.	
	Is the gear ratio correct?	Reduce the load.	
Matarana di-	Is the setting of the highest output frequency correct?	 Minimize the variation of the load. Increase capacities of the inverter and the motor. 	
Motor speed is incorrect or erratic	Is the load too large?	 Add an AC reactor at the power input side if using single-phase power. Check wiring if using three-phase power. 	

5.3 Troubleshooting Flowcharts 7300EV Series



5-7

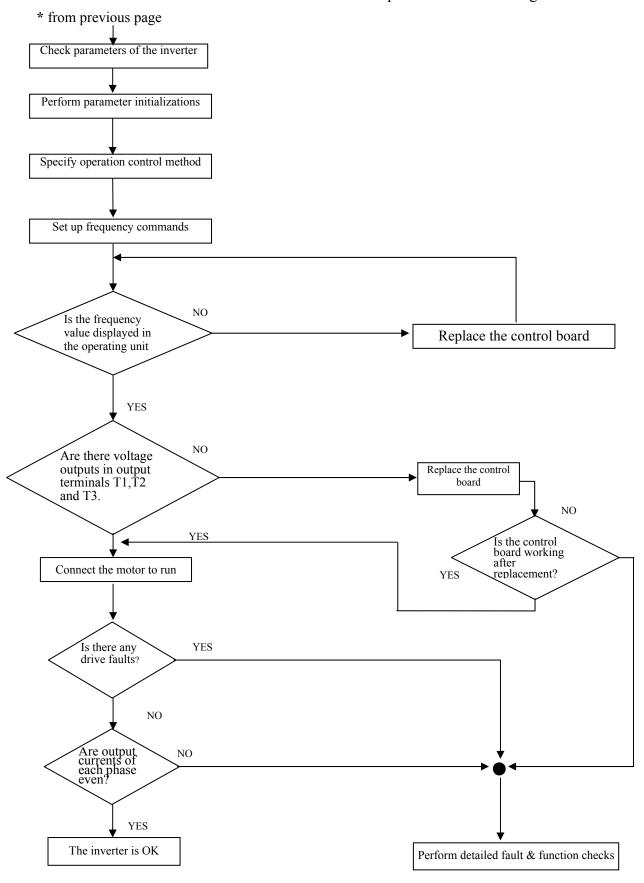


Figure 5-1 General troubleshooting flowchart, CONTD

Troubleshooting for OC, OL error displays

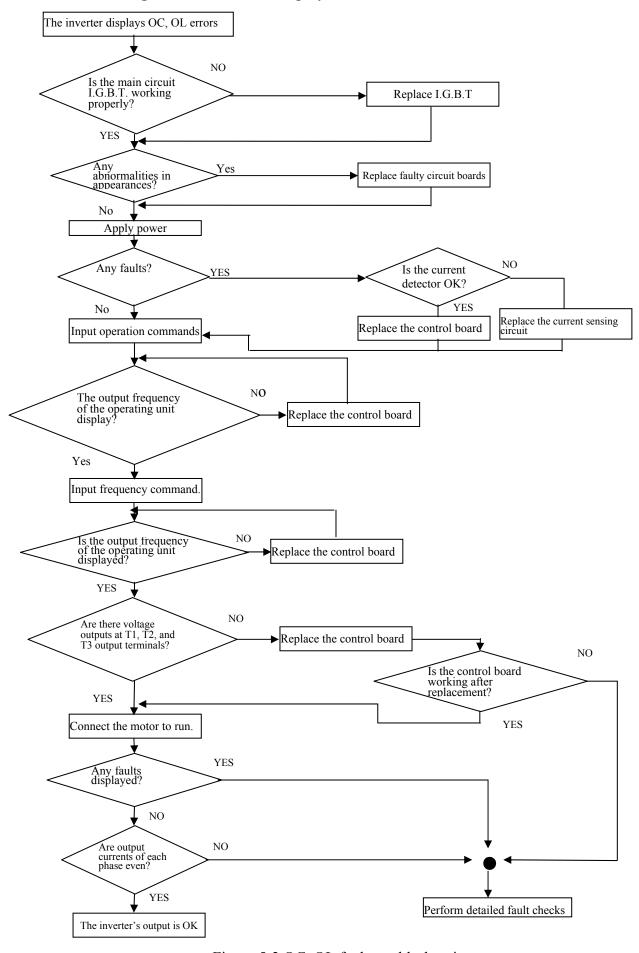


Figure 5-2 OC, OL fault troubleshooting

Troubleshooting for OV, LV error display

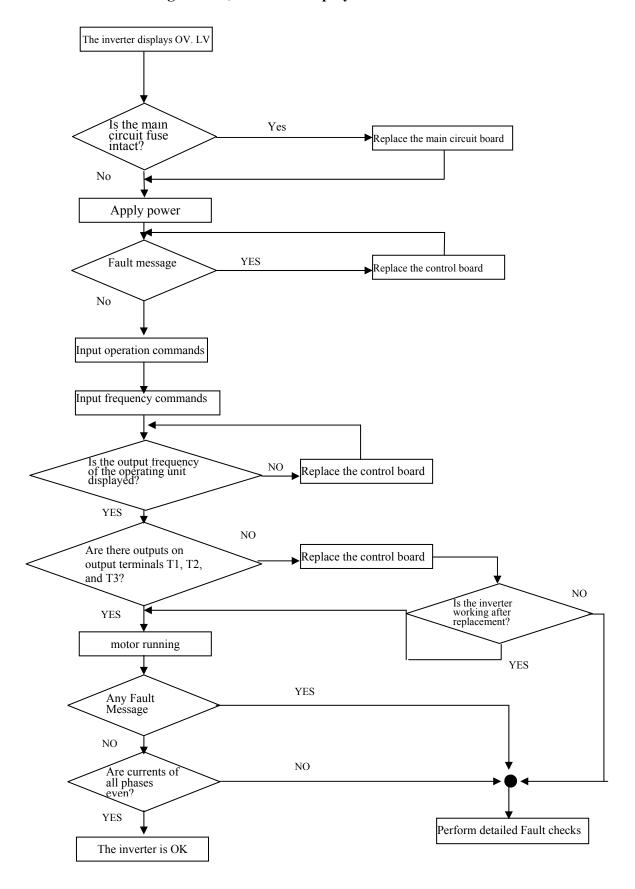


Figure 5-3 OV, Fault Troubleshooting

The motor doesn't run

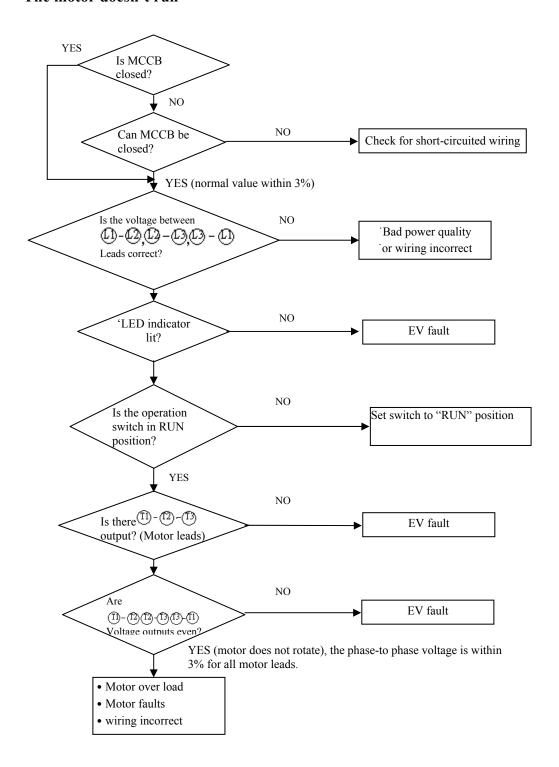


Figure 5-4 Drive Running Troubleshooting diagnostics

Motor is overheated

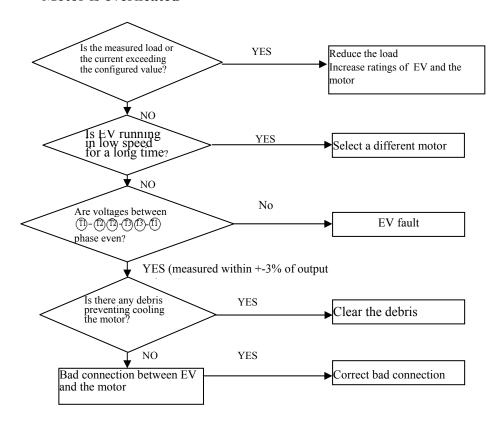


Figure 5-5 Motor Overload/Overheating Diagnostics

Motor runs unevenly

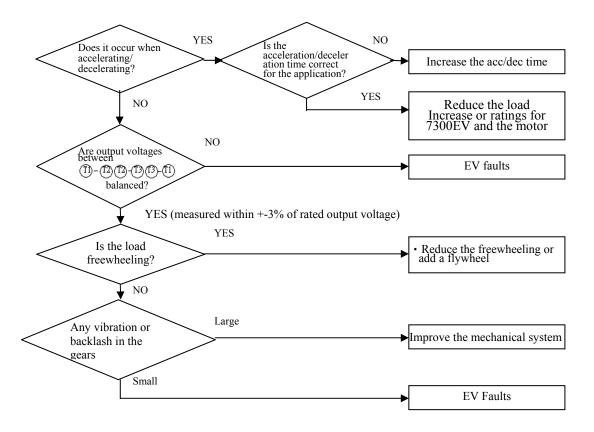


Figure 5-6 Oneven Speed Operation Diagnostics

5.4 Routine and periodic checks

To ensure stable and safe operations, check and maintain the inverter regularly and periodically. The table below lists the items to be check to ensure stable and safe operations. Check these items 5 minutes after the "Charge" indicator goes out to prevent injury to personnel.

Items	Check Details perio		riod	Methods	Criteria	Remedies	
		Daily	1 year				
Ambient conditions around the	Confirm the temperature and humidity at the machine	\circ		Measure with thermometer and hygrometer according to installation notices.	Temperature: -10 – 50°C (14~120°F) Humidity: Below 95% RH	Improve the ambient or relocate the drive to a better area.	
machine	Are there inflammable materials in the vicinity?	0		Visual check	Keep area clear	to a better area.	
T 4 11 41 1	Any unusual vibration from the machine	0		Visual, hearing check	No vibration	Secure screws	
Installation and grounding of the inverter	Is the grounding resistance correct?		0	Measure the resistance with the Ground Resistor	$200V$ series: below 100Ω $400V$ series: below 10Ω	Improve the grounding	
Input power voltage	Is the voltage of the main circuit correct?	0		Measure the voltage with a multi-tester	Voltage must conform with the specifications	Improve input voltage	
External	Are secure parts loose?		\circ				
terminals and internal mounting	Is the terminal base damaged?		0	Visual check Check with a screwdriver	Secure terminals and no rust	Secure or send back for repair	
screws of the inverter	Visual rust stains present?		\circ	sciewariver			
Internal wiring	Any unusual bends or breaks?		0	Visual check No abnormalities		Replace or send back for repair	
of the inverter	Any damage of the wire insulation?		0	, is use the cont			
Heat sink	Excessive dust or debris?	\circ		Visual check	No abnormalities	Clean up debris or dust	
Printed circuit	Conductive metal shavings or oil sludge present?		0	Visual check	No abnormalities	Clean or replace the	
board	Discolored, overheated, or burned parts		\circ		To donomidities	circuit board	
Cooling fan	Unusual vibration and noise		0	Visual or hearing check	No abnormalities	Replace the cooling fan	
	Excessive dust or debris?	\circ		Visual check		Clean fan	
	Excessive dust or debris?		0	Visual check	No abnormalities	Clean component	
Power component	Check resistance between each terminals		0	Measure with a multi-tester	No short circuit or broken circuit in three-phase output	Replace power component or inverter	
Consoit	Any unusual odor or leakage	\circ		Wissel sheet	No shu same 124 -	Replace capacitor or inverter	
Capacitor	Any deformity or protrusion	\circ		Visual check	No abnormalities		

Chapter 6 Peripherals Components

6.1 Input side AC reactor

N	Iodel	Line input side AC inductance		
		Current (A)	inductance (mH)	
	2P2/2P5-H1(F)/H3	5.0	2.1	
	201-H1(F)/H3	5.0	2.1	
131537 373737	202-H1(F)/H3	19.0	1.1	
JNEV-XXX- HXX	203-H1(F)/H3	25.0	0.71	
плл	401- H3(F)	2.5	8.4	
	402- H3(F)	5.0	4.2	
	403- H3(F)	7.5	3.6	

6.2 EMC filter

The inverter adapts rapid switching components to improve the efficiency of the motor and to reduce the motor noise. Using the EMC Filter allows the EMI (Electromagnetic Interference) and RFI (Radio Frequency interference) to be controlled within a certain range.

EMC standard

The inverter with filter complies with EMC standard 89/336/EEC on electromagnetic interruption and radio interference. The inverters with filter have passed following test and comply with the specified standard.

EMI radio standard and EMS immunity standard:

EN 61800-3 1996/A11: 2000 : First Environment Unrestricted Distribution. EN 61800-3 1996/A11: 2000 : First Environment Restricted Distribution.

Filter selection:

Inverter model		Rated (INPUT)	Built-in Filter model (First Environment./ Restricted Distribution.)	Optional Filter model (First Environment Unrestricted Distribution./ Restricted Distribution.)	
	1P2-H1	1 φ 85 ~132V			
	1P5-H1	1 φ 85 ~132V			
	101-H1	1 φ 85 ~132V		JNFS21017-20.8-07	
	2P2-H1	1 φ 170 ~264V		(Restricted Distribution.)	
	2P5-H1	1 φ 170 ~264V			
	201-H1	1 φ 170~264V			
	2P2-H1F	1 φ 170~264V	D '1.'		
	2P5-H1F	1 φ 170 ~264V	Built-in (Restricted Distribution.)		
	201-H1F	1 φ 170 ~264V	(
	2P2-H3	3 \$\phi\$ 170 ~264V		JNFS21019-8.9-07 (Restricted Distribution.)	
	2P5-H3	3 \$\phi\$ 170 ~264V			
JNEVXXX	201-Н3	3 \$\phi\$ 170 ~264V		(1000110000001)	
-HXX	202-H1	1 φ 170 ~264V	3111 521015 22		
	203-H1	1 \$\phi\$ 170 \(\pi\)264V		(Unrestricted Distribution.)	
	202-H1F	1 \$ 170 ~264V	Built-in		
	203-H1F	1 \$ 170 ~264V	(Restricted Distribution.)		
	202-Н3	3 \$\phi\$ 170 ~264V		JNFS21016-15-07	
	203-Н3	3 \$\phi\$ 170 ~264V		(Unrestricted Distribution.)	
	401-H3	3 \$\phi\$ 323~528 V		D.W.G.20050 7 07	
	402-H3	3 \$\phi\$ 323~528 V		JNFS20858-7-07 (Restricted Distribution.)	
	403-H3	3 \$\phi\$ 323~528 V		(,	
	401-H3F	3 \phi 323~528 V	D '1.'	D. ID G 200 50 5 05	
	402-H3F	3 \phi 323~528 V	Built-in (Restricted Distribution.)	JNFS20858-7-07 (Unrestricted Distribution)	
	403-H3F	3 \$\phi\$ 323~528 V	(Restricted Distriction.)	(Chrosticted Distribution)	